

Ba/His-202 (A)

2017

(2nd Semester)

HISTORY

(Honours)

Paper No. : His-202 (A)

[East Asia (1840-1950)]

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Describe the political and economic conditions of China in the middle of the 19th century. 14

Or

Give a brief account of the opening of Korea to the Western countries.
2. Enumerate in brief the various causes and results of the First Opium War. 14

Or

Discuss the causes and consequences of the Taiping rebellion.

L7/345

(Turn Over)

(2)

3. Analyse the career and achievements of Dr. Sun Yat-sen. 14

Or

Discuss the Sino-Japanese War of 1937.

4. Why did Japan involve in the Second World War? What was its outcome? 14

Or

Trace the Korean Nationalism up to independence and partition.

5. Write short notes on any two of the following : 7×2=14

(a) Hundred Days Reforms

(b) Chinese Communist Party

(c) Meiji Restoration

(d) Korea as a Hermit Kingdom

Ba/Edn-202

2017

(2nd Semester)

EDUCATION

(Honours)

Paper No. : EDN-202

(Educational Management)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. What do you understand by Educational Management? Explain the nature and needs of educational management. 4+10=14

Or

Explain the concept of dynamic and laissez-faire management. State its advantages and disadvantages. 7+7=14

2. Discuss the nature of a leader. How does effective leadership influence in educational management? 5+9=14

L7/343

(Turn Over)

(2)

Or

Define management. Briefly discuss the factors affecting managerial behaviour in relation to education. 2+12=14

3. Teaching and learning are invariably related to each other. Discuss. 14

Or

Explain the steps involved in managing teaching-learning process. 14

4. Give the concept of institutional planning. Bring out the significance of curricular and co-curricular programs in schools. 4+10=14

Or

What do you understand by institutional climate? Discuss the importance of school plant including equipment and assets. 4+10=14

5. What is educational planning? Explain the strategies of educational planning. 4+10=14

Or

Highlight the significance of educational planning. What are various steps involved in institutional planning? 4+10=14

Ba/Soc-202

2017

(2nd Semester)

SOCIOLOGY
(Honours)

Paper No. : Soc-202

(**Social Research Methods—II**)

Full Marks : 70
Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Describe quantitative research and qualitative research. 7+7=14

Or

How is ethnography understood? What are its characteristics? 5+9=14

L7/350

(Turn Over)

(2)

2. State the meaning of social survey. Explain the different types of social survey. 4+10=14

Or

What is case-study method? Discuss the types of case study. 4+10=14

3. Explain basic research and applied research. 7+7=14

Or

Elaborate on the descriptive type of research. 14

4. Explain the data processing method in social research. 14

Or

Elaborate on the process of data analysis in social research. 14

5. Give a detailed report on the interpretation of data. 14

Or

Explain the technique of report writing. 14

Ba/Pol-202

2017

(2nd Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Honours)

Paper No. : Pol-202

(Western Political Thought)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

The questions are of equal value

1. (a) Discuss Plato's Second best State.

Or

(b) What are the causes and remedies of revolution according to Aristotle?

2. (a) Critically examine St. Augustine's 'City of God'.

Or

(b) Examine Machiavelli's view on religion and morality.

L7/348

(Turn Over)

(2)

3. (a) Write a note on Hobbes' concept of sovereign power.

Or

(b) Critically examine Rousseau's view on the state of nature and social contract.

4. (a) Examine the Utilitarian Philosophy of Hegel.

Or

(b) Discuss Mill's view on Representative Government.

5. (a) Critically examine the basic ideas of Hegelian Philosophy of State.

Or

(b) Review the Marxian concept of dialectical materialism.

Ba/His-202 (A)

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L7/345

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(b) Chinese Communist Party

(c) Meiji Restoration

(d) Korea as a Hermit Kingdom

Ba/Eng (H)-203

2017
(2nd Semester)

ENGLISH
(Honours)

Paper No. : Eng (H)-203

(History of English and Literary Terms)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions

1. How did the Revival of Learning influence the
English language? 10

Or

Discuss the development of Modern English.

2. Write a note on Greek influence in English. 10

Or

Distinguish between British and American
English.

L7/338

(Turn Over)

3. What is semantics? Discuss 'semantic change' with reference to the English language. 10

Or

Comment on the historical development of English grammar.

4. Answer any *three* of the following questions : 4×3=12

- (a) Comment on the aspects of Old English.
- (b) Write a note on the changes in spelling during the Middle English Period.
- (c) Comment on the Scandinavian elements in English.
- (d) Write a brief note on word-making.
- (e) Discuss freak formation.

5. Write notes on any *two* of the following : 7×2=14

- (a) Allegory
- (b) Poetic Justice
- (c) Stream of Consciousness
- (d) Expressionism
- (e) Objective Correlative
- (f) Reader-response Criticism

6. Write short notes on any *two* of the following : 4×2=8

- (a) The organs of speech
- (b) Monophthongs
- (c) Phonemes and allophones

7. Give the phonetic transcriptions of any *six* of the following words : 1×6=6

- (a) Kite
- (b) Reserve
- (c) Modern
- (d) House
- (e) Think
- (f) Summary
- (g) Develop
- (h) Purse
- (i) Curtain
- (j) Book

Ba/His-201

2017

(2nd Semester)

HISTORY

Paper No. : His-201

[History of India (Post-Maurya to
Delhi Sultanate)]

Full Marks : 70 Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

The questions are of equal value

1. (a) Discuss the importance of Kushans rule in India.
Or
(b) Describe the career and achievements of Harshavardhana as a ruler.
2. (a) Discuss why Gupta period is called the Golden Age of ancient Indian history.

L7/344a

(Turn Over)

(2)

Or

(b) Examine the social and economic conditions of the Gupta period.

3. (a) Explain the administration of the Cholas with special reference to local self-government.

Or

(b) Give an account of the Tripartite Struggle.

4. (a) Discuss the development of Bhakti Movement and its impact on Indian society.

Or

(b) Trace the origin and main principles of Sufism.

5. (a) Explain the economic reforms of Ala-ud-din Khalji.

Or

(b) Write a note on the administrative and welfare measures adopted by Firuz Shah Tughluq.

Ba/Eng (G)-201

2017

(2nd Semester)

GENERAL ENGLISH

Paper No. : ENG (G)-201

(Prose, Drama and Language Skills)

Full Marks : 70 Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 62)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

SECTION—I

(Prose)

1. Answer any one of the following questions : 10

(a) George Orwell's essay, *Shooting an Elephant* highlights the problems caused by imperialism. Elaborate.

(b) Explain the different challenges Albert Schweitzer faced while pursuing his goal of establishing a hospital at Lambaréné, and how he overcame them.

L7/336a

(Turn Over)

- (c) Write an essay on the themes addressed by Marcel Junod's *The First Atom Bomb*.
- (d) What were the various realizations arrived at by Braithwaite after his interview at Mayfair?

SECTION—II

(Drama)

2. Answer any one of the following questions : 10

- (a) Explain the relevance of the title of Shakespeare's play, *Twelfth Night*.
- (b) Attempt a character sketch of Duke Orsino.
- (c) In the world of Shakespearean theatre, gender was fluid. Discuss this statement with reference to the play, *Twelfth Night*.

SECTION—III

(Creative Writing)

3. Answer any one of the following questions : 14

- (a) Write an original story where the protagonist is a 12-year-old girl who found an abandoned bag in the bus she was travelling on. (500 words)

- (b) Compose a poem dedicated to your best friend in about 200 words.

SECTION—IV

(Language Skills)

4. Write an essay in about 500-600 words on any one of the topics given below : 14

- (a) My role model
- (b) The impact of social networking Web sites and apps
- (c) The scope of tourism in Nagaland

5. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow :

In the middle of 1942, the British army began to enter our lands in larger numbers than we had ever seen before. There was a steady influx of army movement in our hills from thereon. Army convoys became more frequent on the Dimapur-Kohima highway. The destination for some of the convoys was Kohima while others drove on to Imphal in Manipur. In dry months, the convoys left the highway dust-choked as it had no asphalt work on it yet, and in summer the roads were quite muddy from the rain. It was not unusual to see trucks, with their wheels slipping in the mud, being pushed back onto the road by soldiers.

The new troops were made up of different nationalities. There were Pathans and Sikhs, along with some 'Negros', as we called them then. An equally large number of white soldiers, mainly British, were amongst the new troops. While some had settled in the Assam Rifles camp area, the others spread out at other places such as Garrison Hill, the hospital area, the Mission compound, and Peraciezie. The Mission compound grounds were turned into a parking area for army vehicles. Before the end of the year, the preparations for war were very apparent.

The thing that alarmed us the most was the occasional sound of distant gunfire at the end of 1942. From Kohima, we could distinctly hear it. The first time we heard it, it was late one evening, when we were all at home. The next day when we went to school, Reverend Supplee and our teachers said that they had received orders to teach us safety measures to follow in the eventuality of a war. They led us to a corner of the school compound where we all took turns at digging trenches. Then we were told what we should do if we were caught in the middle of the war and heard sirens. At the end of the day, we went home in great excitement.

Questions :

- (a) Which war were the military and civilians preparing themselves for? 1

- (b) What were some of the challenges faced by the new troops? 2
- (c) What caused the people to be most alarmed? 2
- (d) How did the school prepare its students for the war? 2
- (e) Where had the troops settled? 2
- (f) Provide a suitable title for the passage. 1
- (g) Pick out the words from the passage which mean the following : 4
- (i) A group of military vehicles travelling together
 - (ii) Possibility
 - (iii) Arrival in large numbers
 - (iv) A deep, narrow hole dug in the ground

★★★

Ba/Eng (G)-201

2017

(2nd Semester)

GENERAL ENGLISH

Paper No. : ENG (G)-201

(**Prose, Drama and Language Skills**)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 8)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(**Prose**)

1. Answer any two of the following questions : $2 \times 2 = 4$

(a) What did Professor Tsusuki have to say about the effects of the atomic bomb explosion?

(2)

chweitzer study tropical diseases?

(3)

(d) How did the people react to the shooting of the elephant?

SECTION—II

(Drama)

2. Answer any two of the following questions : 2×2=4

(a) Justify the appropriateness of Sir Andrew's name.

(2)

(b) Why did Schweitzer study tropical diseases?

(c) Why did Braithwaite like the Belmonds?

(3)

(d) How did the people react to the shooting of the elephant?

SECTION—II

(Drama)

2. Answer any two of the following questions : $2 \times 2 = 4$

(a) Justify the appropriateness of Sir Andrew's name.

(4)

(b) What plans did Antonio and Sebastian make on entering Illyria?

(c) How did Viola prove to Sebastian that she is his sister?

Ba/His-201

2017

(2nd Semester)

HISTORY

Paper No. : His-201

[**History of India (Post-Maurya to Delhi Sultanate)**]

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 10)

Choose the correct answer by putting a Tick (✓) mark in the brackets provided :

1 × 10 = 10

1. The greatest ruler of the Satavahana Dynasty was

(a) Simuka ()

(b) Satakarni ()

(c) Gautami Satakarni ()

2. The Capital of the Kushans was

- (a) Kanauj ()
- (b) Peshawar ()
- (c) Gandhara ()

3. The Ajanta and Ellora caves were the product of the

- (a) Gupta Art ()
- (b) Mauryan Art ()
- (c) Pallava Art ()

4. The author of Harshacharita was

- (a) Banabhatta ()
- (b) Vishakadatta ()
- (c) Kalidasa ()

(3)

5. Which Gupta King was also known as Vikramaditya?

- (a) Chandragupta I
- (b) Chandragupta II
- (c) Skandagupta

6. The Sangam literature were written in

- (a) Sanskrit language
- (b) Prakrit language
- (c) Tamil language

7. The main rivals of the pallavas were

- (a) Chalukyas
- (b) Cheras
- (c) Cholas

(4)

8. Bhakti saints mainly worshipped

- (a) Shiva and Krishna ()
- (b) Shiva and Vishnu ()
- (c) Vishnu and Indra ()

9. The rulers of Delhi Sultanate were

- (a) Afghans ()
- (b) Mongols ()
- (c) Turks ()

10. The founder of the Tughluq Dynasty was

- (a) Ghiyas-ud-din Tughluq ()
- (b) Firuz Shah Tughluq ()
- (c) Muhammad bin Tughluq ()

(5)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 5)

State whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by a Tick (✓) mark :
1×5=5

1. Satavahanas were also called Andhras. (T / F)
2. Kalidasa was a famous astronomer. (T / F)
3. Women occupied high position under the Satavahanas. (T / F)
4. Sufism advocated idol worship. (T / F)
5. Ibrahim Lodi was the founder of Delhi Sultanate. (T / F)

(6)

SECTION—III

(Marks : 10)

Write short notes on the following : 2×5=10

1. The Satavahanas

Or

Hiuen Tsang

(7)

2. Aryabhata

Or

Chandragupta I

(8)

3. Rajaraja the Great

Or

Pallava Art

(9)

4. Ramanuja

Or

Suhrawardi order of Sufism

(10)

5. Two reasons of decline of Delhi Sultanate

Or

The first Battle of Panipat (1526)

Ba/Pol-201

2017

(2nd Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : Pol-201

(Political Theory : Ideas and Concepts)

Full Marks : 70 Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Examine, in detail, the key elements of
modern liberalism. 9

Or

(b) Define socialism. Explain the principles
of socialism. 3+6=9

L7/347a

(Turn Over)

(2)

2. (a) Define authority. Discuss the features of authority. 3+6=9

Or

(b) Define power. Explain the sources of power. 3+6=9

3. (a) What do you mean by revolution? Examine the idealist view on revolution. 9

Or

(b) Examine the theory of prescriptive possession of political obligation. 9

4. (a) Define nationalism. Discuss the Third World Nationalism. 3+6=9

Or

(b) Define nation. Explain the essential elements that create a nation. 3+6=9

5. (a) Examine the impact of globalization. 9

Or

(b) Define globalization. Discuss various agents of globalization. 3+6=9

Ba/Pol-201

2017

(2nd Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : Pol-201

(Political Theory : Ideas and Concepts)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Put a tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : $1 \times 10 = 10$

(a) Who wrote, *The Wealth of Nations*?

(i) John Locke ()

(ii) Adam Smith ()

(iii) Jeremy Bentham ()

(iv) Thomas Hobbes ()

(b) "The world picture is a picture of how matter moves and how matter thinks." Who said this?

- (i) Lenin ()
- (ii) Engels ()
- (iii) Marx ()
- (iv) G. A. Cohen ()

(c) Legitimacy based on the consent of the people is called

- (i) political legitimacy ()
- (ii) civil legitimacy ()
- (iii) ideological legitimacy ()
- (iv) personal legitimacy ()

(d) "Legitimate power or influence is generally called Authority." This was said by

- (i) H. A. Simon ()
- (ii) Blondel ()
- (iii) S. E. Finer ()
- (iv) Robert Dahl ()

BS/POL-501

(2)

(b) "The world picture is a picture of how matter moves and how matter thinks." Who said this?

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(3)

- (e) The oldest theory of obligation is
- (i) consent theory ()
 - (ii) divine theory ()
 - (iii) liberal theory ()
 - (iv) idealistic theory ()
- (f) The Latin word *Resistentia* means
- (i) to take back ()
 - (ii) to hold back ()
 - (iii) to sit back ()
 - (iv) to stay back ()
- (g) The author of *Imperialism, the Highest Stage of Capitalism* is
- (i) Marx ()
 - (ii) Lenin ()
 - (iii) Engels ()

(4)

(12) To Tom Narim, 'Sub-State Nationalism' is the result of

- (i) uneven advancement ()
- (ii) uneven development ()
- (iii) uneven distribution ()
- (iv) None of the above ()

(i) The transmission of ideas, meanings and values around the world to extend and intensify social relations is called

- (i) cultural globalization ()
- (ii) political globalization ()
- (iii) social globalization ()
- (iv) economic globalization ()

(i) Globalization is also widely used as

- (i) westernization ()
- (ii) modernization ()
- (iii) Americanization ()

(5)

2. Write short notes on the following : $5 \times 2 = 10$

(a) Idealist theory of revolution

(5)

2. Write short notes on the following : $5 \times 2 = 10$

(a) Idealist theory of revolution

(6)

(b) The theory of class struggle

(c) The theory of class struggle

(7)

3. Indicate *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a tick (✓)
mark : 1×5=5

(a) According to Marx, world history is nothing but the creation of man by human labour.

(T / F)

(b) Traditional authority is the result of rational laws.

(T / F)

(c) Resistance should be passive and non-violent.

(T / F)

(d) Common instinct of human acquisitiveness led to imperialism.

(T / F)

(e) Theodore Levitt is credited with coining the term 'globalization'.

(T / F)

Ba/Pol-201

2017

(2nd Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : Pol-201

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Full Marks : 70 Pass Marks : 45%

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(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

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L7/347a

(Turn Over)

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Ba/Pol-201

2017

(2nd Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : Pol-201

(Political Theory : Ideas and Concepts)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

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- (f) The Latin word Resistentia means
 - (i) to take back ()
 - (ii) to hold back ()
 - (iii) to sit back ()
 - (iv) to stay back ()

- (g) The author of *Imperialism, the Highest Stage of Capitalism* is
 - (i) Marx ()
 - (ii) Lenin ()
 - (iii) Engels ()
 - (iv) Charles Hodge ()

(4)

(h) To Tom Narim, 'Sub-State Nationalism' is the result of

- (i) uneven advancement ()
- (ii) uneven development ()
- (iii) uneven distribution ()
- (iv) None of the above ()

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- (iv) economic globalization ()

(j) Globalization is also widely used as

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- (iv) All of the above ()

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(a) Idealist theory of revolution

(6)

(b) The theory of class struggle

(a) Leninist theory of revolution

(7)

3. Indicate True (T) or False (F) by putting a tick (✓)
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(T / F)

(b) Traditional authority is the result of rational laws.

(T / F)

(c) Resistance should be passive and non-violent.

(T / F)

(d) Common instinct of human acquisitiveness led to imperialism.

(T / F)

(e) Theodore Levitt is credited with coining the term 'globalization'.

(T / F)

Ba/Soc-201

2017

(2nd Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper No. : Soc-201

(Social Stratification and Social Mobility)

Full Marks : 70 Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. What do you understand by the term 'social stratification'? Explain the important features of social stratification as given by Tumin. 2+7=9

Or

Discuss the distribution of differences in society on the basis of age, sex and occupation. 9

L7/349a

(Turn Over)

(2)

2. The functionalist theories hold that 'social stratification is a functional necessity'. Justify your answer by providing examples. 9
- Or
- Critically examine the conflict approach to social stratification. 9
3. Discuss social class as a basis of social stratification. 9
- Or
- Distinguish between caste and class. 9
4. What is social mobility? Explain different kinds of social mobility. 2+7=9
- Or
- Describe the functions of social mobility. 9
5. Define secularization. Discuss the factors responsible for the growth of secularization in India. 2+7=9
- Or
- Explain the process of sanskritization as an important emerging trend of caste mobility in India. 9

Ba/Soc-201

2017
(2nd Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper No. : Soc-201

(Social Stratification and Social Mobility)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)
(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 10)

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : $1 \times 10 = 10$

1. Who has said that “unstratified society with real equality of its members is a myth which has never been realised on the history of mankind”?

- (a) Talcott Parsons ()
- (b) Auguste Comte ()
- (c) Karl Marx ()
- (d) Sorokin ()

2. A division of society into hierarchically arranged horizontal status groups or segments is known as

- (a) social differentiation ()
- (b) social inequality ()
- (c) social stratification ()
- (d) social distance ()

3. The functionalist perspective of social stratification gives importance to

- (a) planning and control in society ()
- (b) order and stability in society ()
- (c) problems and evils in society ()
- (d) conflict and tensions in society ()

4. Who argues that "social stratification is not an exclusively economic phenomenon, but derives from the social relations between people who possess different degrees of power"?

- (a) Karl Marx ()
- (b) Ralf Dahrendorf ()
- (c) Max Weber ()
- (d) Erik Olin Wright ()

(3)

5. Who said that "untouchability is the hatefullest expression of the caste"?
- (a) Maclver and Page ()
 - (b) G. S. Ghurye ()
 - (c) Mahatma Gandhi ()
 - (d) Ogburn and Nimkoff ()
6. Social stratification in modern complex societies takes the form of division into
- (a) caste system ()
 - (b) class system ()
 - (c) estate system ()
 - (d) slavery ()
7. A man moving from one job or occupation to another but at the same level of prestige and income is an example of
- (a) vertical mobility ()
 - (b) horizontal mobility ()
 - (c) urban mobility ()
 - (d) social mobility ()

(4)

8. The movement in status experienced by the members of a family from one generation to the next can be termed as

- (a) intergenerational social mobility ()
- (b) intragenerational social mobility ()
- (c) horizontal social mobility ()
- (d) vertical social mobility ()

9. The process, whereby less-developed societies acquire characteristic common to more developed societies is known as

- (a) westernization ()
- (b) urbanization ()
- (c) modernization ()
- (d) industrialization ()

10. Casteism means

- (a) bias against all castes ()
- (b) bias in favour of one's caste ()
- (c) bias in favour of a few caste ()

(5)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 5)

Indicate whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick (✓) mark :
1×5=5

1. Social stratification implies social inequality.
(T / F)
2. Naga society is characterized by social class.
(T / F)
3. According to the functionalist theory, social stratification is the cause of dysfunctions.
(T / F)
4. Caste system permits greater social mobility.
(T / F)
5. Social mobility means movement of people from one place to another.
(T / F)

(6)

SECTION—III

(Marks : 10)

Answer any *five* of the following : $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. What is social differentiation?

(7)

2. What are social classes?

(8)

3. Define the estate system.

(9)

4. Distinguish between 'life styles' and 'life chances'.

(10)

5. Distinguish between 'intragenerational mobility' and 'intergenerational mobility' with suitable examples.

(11)

6. Explain the emerging trends of caste mobility.

(12)

7. Define modernization.

Ba/Eco-201

2017

(2nd Semester)

ECONOMICS

Paper No. : Eco-201

(**Microeconomics—II**)

Full Marks : 70 Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. What is a monopoly market? Explain the short-run equilibrium of a firm under monopoly. 2+7=9

Or

Explain the features of various forms of market under imperfect competition. 9

L7/340a

(Turn Over)

(2)

2. What is supernormal profit? How do you obtain the equilibrium of the individual firm in the short run under monopolistic competition? 2+7=9

Or

Distinguish between production cost and selling cost. Explain the firm equilibrium under selling cost. 4+5=9

3. Discuss the important features of an oligopoly market giving suitable examples. 9

Or

Explain price rigidity under oligopoly. 9

4. Discuss the Ricardian theory of rent. 9

Or

Explain the modern theory of wages. 9

5. Explain the risk bearing theory of profit. 9

Or

Explain the neoclassical theory of interest. 9

Ba/Eco-201

2017

(2nd Semester)

ECONOMICS

Paper No. : Eco-201

(**Microeconomics—II**)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 15)

A. Tick the correct answer in the box provided : $1 \times 10 = 10$

1. Price discrimination is not possible under which form of market?

(a) Perfect competition

(b) Monopolistic competition

(c) Monopoly

(d) Oligopoly

(2)

2. Perfect competition is said to exist, if
- (a) the nature of the product is not homogeneous
 - (b) each firm is a price-taker
 - (c) the industry consists of a small number of firms
 - (d) there is no freedom to entry and exit
3. Under monopolistic competition, the products are
- (a) homogeneous
 - (b) identical
 - (c) close substitutes to each other
 - (d) supplementary to each other
4. In the long run, a monopolistic firm can earn/incur
- (a) supernormal profit
 - (b) normal profit
 - (c) loss
 - (d) None of the above

(3)

5. The earliest model of oligopoly was developed by

- (a) Paul M. Sweezy
- (b) Hall and Hirsch
- (c) Augustin Caurnot
- (d) J. B. Say

6. The simplest form of oligopoly market is

- (a) monopoly
- (b) monopsony
- (c) duopoly
- (d) closed oligopoly

7. The only factor of production which can earn 'negative return' is

- (a) land
- (b) labour
- (c) capital
- (d) entrepreneur

(4)

8. The concept of 'quasi-rent' was introduced by

(a) Adam Smith

(b) Alfred Marshall

(c) J. Schumpeter

(d) F. B. Hawley

9. According to whose theory, 'interest is rewarded for parting with liquidity'?

(a) J. S. Mill

(b) F. Walker

(c) J. M. Keynes

(d) A. Marshall

10. Innovation theory of profit is associated with

(a) J. Schumpeter

(b) J. S. Mill

(c) F. Walker

(d) Knight

(5)

B. Indicate whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. Price discrimination is always possible under perfect competition.

(T / F)

2. There is no noticeable effects of selling cost under monopolistic competition.

(T / F)

3. Syndicate is a form of collusive oligopoly.

(T / F)

4. Quasi-rent is an earning only in the short run.

(T / F)

5. According to Hawley, lower is the risk, higher is the profit.

(T / F)

(6)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 10)

C. Write short notes on any five of the following : $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. Monopoly power

(7)

2. Features of monopolistic competition

(8)

3. Collective bargaining of labour union

(9)

4. Scarcity rent

(10)

5. Insurable risks

(11)

6. Profit as a reward for innovation.

(12)

7. Marginal physical product (MPP)

Ba/Eco-601

2017

(6th Semester)

ECONOMICS

Paper No. : Eco-601

(**Indian Economy—II**)

Full Marks : 70 Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. What are the different types of rural credit?
Explain the main sources of rural credit. 9

Or

Examine the achievements of green
revolution in Indian agricultural development. 9

L7/434a

(Turn Over)

(2)

2. Explain the basic characteristic of the Industrial Policy, 1991. How is this policy different from the old policies? 6+3=9

Or

Explain the problems faced by small-scale industries in India. 9

3. Examine the recent changes in the composition and direction of India's foreign trade. 9

Or

Give the main factors responsible for the large and rapidly rising deficits in the country's balance of payments. What measures have been adopted by the government to overcome the problems of deficit? 9

4. Give an account of the major natural resources of Nagaland. 9

Or

Explain the structural development of Nagaland economy. 9

5. Give an account of agricultural system in Nagaland. Analyze its productivity and problems. 9

Or

Discuss the problems faced by industries in Nagaland. 9

Ba/Eco-601

2017

(6th Semester)

ECONOMICS

Paper No. : Eco-601

(**Indian Economy—II**)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 10)

A. Put a Tick mark against the correct answer in the box provided : $1 \times 10 = 10$

1. Land Reform Programmes in India do not include

(a) elimination of intermediaries

(b) tenancy reform

(c) improvement in land fertility

(d) consolidation of holding

(2)

2. Farming along with animal husbandry is called

(a) mixed farming

(b) mixed agriculture

(c) dairy farming

(d) truck farming

3. Which State was on January 18, 2016 declared as the first Organic Farming State of India?

(a) Sikkim

(b) Assam

(c) Punjab

(d) Tamil Nadu

4. The government constituted a five-member Public Sector Disinvestment Commission under the chairmanship of

(a) R. H. Patil in July 2001

(b) C. Rangarajan in 1993

(c) G. V. Ramakrishna in August 1996

(d) Raghuram Rajan in 2002

(3)

5. The Government of India enacted the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act (FERA) in

- (a) 1946
- (b) 1947
- (c) 1973
- (d) 1975

6. The New Five-Year Export-Import Policy covering the Tenth Five-Year Plan period was announced on

- (a) January 31, 2002
- (b) February 31, 2002
- (c) March 31, 2002
- (d) April 31, 2002

7. Visible and invisible items of debit and credit are the part of

- (a) import-export policy
- (b) balance of payments
- (c) balance of trade
- (d) annual budget

(4)

8. The literacy rate of Nagaland as per 2011 Census is

- (a) 80.11%
- (b) 79.55%
- (c) 81.12%
- (d) 78.59%

9. Maximum quantity of 'Naga Dal' is being produced in the district of

- (a) Phek
- (b) Kohima
- (c) Mokokchung
- (d) Tuensang

10. Industrial Infrastructure Development Centre (IIDC) of Nagaland is established at

- (a) Tuli
- (b) Ganeshnagar
- (c) Kiruphema
- (d) Dimapur

(5)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 5)

B. Indicate True (T) or False (F) by a Tick (✓) mark :
1×5=5

1. Moneylenders are the institutional source of agricultural credit.

(T / F)

2. The main purpose of introducing land reforms has been adversely affected due to poor implementation.

(T / F)

3. The small-scale industries have an important place in economy mainly because of more employment.

(T / F)

4. Japan is the largest partner in India's foreign trade.

(T / F)

5. Infrastructural development is very slow in Nagaland economy.

(T / F)

(6)

SECTION—III

(Marks : 10)

C. Write short notes on any five of the following : 2×5=10

1. Rural credit

(7)

2. Agricultural marketing

(8)

3. Role of public sector enterprises

(9)

4. Role of foreign trade

(10)

5. Export promotion

(11)

6. Problems of agricultural development in Nagaland

(12)

7. Salient features of Nagaland economy

Ba/Edn-201

2017

(2nd Semester)

EDUC. IC

Paper No : Edn-z01

(Sociological Foundations of Education)

Full Marks : 70 Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Define educational sociology. Discuss the relationship between sociology and education. 2+7=9

Or

Discuss the sociological determinants of education. 9

2. What is meant by social change? Explain any two factors that determine social change. 2+7=9

Or

Education is regarded as an instrument of social change. Explain. 9

L7/342a

(Turn Over)

Subject Code : Ba/Edn-201

Booklet No. A 3791

[Empty dashed box for candidate information]

Date Stamp

To be filled in by the Candidate

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA
 2nd Semester End Term
 Examination, 2017

Subject

Paper

[Empty dashed box for candidate information]

To be filled in by the Candidate

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA
 2nd Semester End Term
 Examination, 2017

Roll No.

Regn. No.

Subject

Paper

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

Booklet No. B

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script meant for descriptive type questions and vice versa.
2. This paper should be ANSWERED FIRST and submitted within 1 (one) Hour of the commencement of the Examination.
3. While answering the questions of this booklet, any cutting, erasing, overwriting or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done only on the main Answer Book. Instructions given in each question should be followed for answering that question only.

Ba/Edn-201

2017

(2nd Semester)

EDUCATION

Paper No. : Edn-201

(Sociological Foundations of Education)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 10)

1. Choose the most appropriate answer by putting a Tick (✓) mark in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

(a) Who is called the Father of Educational Sociology?

(i) Herbert Spencer ()

(ii) George Payne ()

(iii) Auguste Comte ()

(iv) Max Weber ()

(2)

(b) Application of principles of sociology to education is known as

- (i) sociology of education ()
- (ii) educational sociology ()
- (iii) social foundations of education ()
- (iv) social science of education ()

(c) Social change is the change in

- (i) community ()
- (ii) society ()
- (iii) group of people ()
- (iv) individual ()

(d) The aim of education from sociological point of view is

- (i) education for power ()
- (ii) education for democratic citizenship ()
- (iii) education for human perfection ()
- (iv) education for knowledge ()

(3)

(e) Who has given the classification of groups as primary group and secondary group?

(i) Durkheim ()

(ii) Mac Iver ()

(iii) Gillin ()

(iv) Cooley ()

(f) The aim of culture is

(i) regeneration of society ()

(ii) disciplining the individual for better life ()

(iii) to impart distinctiveness to the societies, maintain distinction among nation ()

(iv) to sustain differences among groups ()

(g) Social stratification means

(i) Division of Society ()

(ii) Division of Territory ()

(iii) Division of Community ()

(iv) All of the above ()

(4)

(h) Emphasis on interest and competition is the characteristics of

(i) primary group ()

(ii) secondary group ()

(iii) social group ()

(iv) inherited group ()

(i) Article 45 provides

(i) freedom of religion ()

(ii) education of minorities ()

(iii) free and compulsory education ()

(iv) None of the above ()

(i) Former Chief Secretary, Government of Nagaland and the man behind the concept of communitization of elementary education in Nagaland was

(i) L. Colney ()

(ii) P. Talitemjen ()

(iii) A. M. Gokhale ()

(iv) R. S. Pandey ()

(5)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 15)

2. Write short notes on the following : 3×5=15

(a) Scope of Educational Sociology

(6)

(b) Material and non-material culture

(7)

(c) Equalization of educational opportunities

(8)

(d) Role of community in solving social problems in the field of education

(9)

(e) Morung

Ba/El Eng-202

2017

(2nd Semester)

ELECTIVE ENGLISH

Paper No. : El Eng-202

(Poetry and Applied Language Skills)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 16)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer the following questions :

2×8=16

1. Why did Yeats want to sail to the holy city of Byzantium?

(2)

2. What is Prufrock's Tragedy?

3. How did Ramanujan try to escape from his passion?

(3)

4. "Fit in. Oh, Belong, cried the categorizers." Who are the 'categorizers'? Why did they tell Das to fit in?

5. What was Auden's expression/opinion of the whole of Europe in *September 1, 1939*?

(4)

6. Briefly explain the theme of *Fern Hill*.

7. How does Frost describe the *Spring Pools*?

(5)

8. Why did Whitman forge ahead to explore the paths of untrodden?

Ba/E1 Eng-202

2017

(2nd Semester)

ELECTIVE ENGLISH

Paper No. : E1 Eng-202

(Poetry and Applied Language Skills)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 16)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer the following questions :

2×8=16

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(2)

2. What is Prufrock's Tragedy?

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Ba/EI Eng-202

2017

(2nd Semester)

ELECTIVE ENGLISH

Paper No. : EI Eng-202

(Poetry and Applied Language Skills)

Full Marks : 70 Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 54)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following questions : 10×4=40

(a) (i) *Sailing to Byzantium* describes 'the metaphorical journey of a man pursuing his own vision of eternal life'. Comment.

Or

(ii) Draw a sketch of Prufrock's character as revealed in *The Love Song of J. Alfred Prufrock*.

L7/337a

(Turn Over)

(b) (i) Discuss Auden's *September 1, 1939* as a war poem.

Or

(ii) How is nature portrayed in the poem, *Fern Hill* by Dylan Thomas?

(c) (i) *An Introduction* is a poem about the poetess' search for identity. Discuss.

Or

(ii) Bring out the psychological crisis of the poet in the poem, *Still Another View of Grace*.

(d) (i) What is Whitman reflecting on, in the poem, *In Paths Untrodden*? How does he resolve it?

Or

(ii) What is the central idea of the poem, *Spring Pools*? Discuss.

2. Read the following passage and paraphrase it in your own words : 14

Perseverance is the very hinge of all virtues. On looking over the world, the cause of nine-tenths of the lamentable failures which occur in men's undertakings, and darken and degrade so much of their history, lies not in the want of talents, or the will to use them,

but in vacillating and desultory mode of using them, in flying from object to object, in staring away at each little disgust, and thus applying the force which might conquer any one difficulty to a series of difficulties, so large that no human force can conquer them. The smallest brook on earth, by continuing to run, has hollowed out for itself a considerable valley to flow in. Commend me therefore to the virtue of perseverance. Without it all the rest are little better than fairy gold, which glitters in your purse, but when taken to market proves to be slate or cinders.

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Ba/EI Eng-202

2017

(2nd Semester)

ELECTIVE ENGLISH

Paper No. : EI Eng-202

(Poetry and Applied Language Skills)

Full Marks : 70 Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 54)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

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Or

(ii) Draw a sketch of Prufrock's character as revealed in *The Love Song of J. Alfred Prufrock*.

L7/337a

(Turn Over)

(2)

(b) (i) Discuss Auden's *September 1, 1939* as a war poem.

Or

(ii) How is nature portrayed in the poem, *Fern Hill* by Dylan Thomas?

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L7/337a

(Continued)

(3)

but in vacillating and desultory mode of using them, in flying from object to object, in staring away at each little disgust, and thus applying the force which might conquer any one difficulty to a series of difficulties, so large that no human force can conquer them. The smallest brook on earth, by continuing to run, has hollowed out for itself a considerable valley to flow in. Commend me therefore to the virtue of perseverance. Without it all the rest are little better than fairy gold, which glitters in your purse, but when taken to market proves to be slate or cinders.

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L7-2800/337a

Ba/El Eng-202