

Ba/El Eng-102

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2012

(1st Semester)

ELECTIVE ENGLISH

Paper No. : EL ENG-102

(Poetry and Language Skills)

Full Marks : 70 Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. What are various forms of poetry? Discuss any one of them. 4+5=9

Or

What is prosody? Account for the importance of metre in poetry. 3+6=9

2. Write a critical appreciation of Shakespeare's 'Sonnet 29'. 9

(2)

Or

What are the two digressions in *Lycidas*?
Elucidate.

3. How does the series of contrasts, stated or implied, help to indicate what the poem *Kubla Khan* is about? 9

Or

Discuss Wordsworth's portrayal of the influence of Nature on Lucy in *Three Years She Grew*.

4. Comment on the use of irony and contrast in *Darkling Thrush*. Does Hardy suggest the possibility of hope? 9

Or

Consider *Ulysses* as a dramatic monologue.

5. Define the features of the Scholarly style of writing. 9

Or

What is a bibliography? Account for its importance in assignment writing. 3+6=9

Ba/El Eng-102

2 0 1 2

(1st Semester)

ELECTIVE ENGLISH

Paper No. : EL ENG-102

(**Poetry and Language Skills**)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Fill in the blanks with a word or phrase (any five) : 1×5=5

(a) In *Pied Beauty*, the poet is concerned with man's
relation to

(b) Ulysses wants to leave the reins of his kingdom
to

(c) In pastoral poetry, young poets and scholars are
disguised as

(2)

(d) The joyful voice that Hardy heard belonged to

.....

(e) *Three Years She Grew* is one of a series of five

poems, called

(f) Shakespeare says that he has fallen out

.....

(g) Keats calls 'fancy' as

(h) is a literary composition whose principal aim is to ridicule folly or vice.

2. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct statement in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

(a) Keats wants to go to the abode of the Nightingale

(i) charioted by Bacchus and his pards ()

(ii) through the power of wine ()

(iii) through the viewless wings of poesy ()

(iv) through easeful death ()

(b) Tennyson's *Ulysses* is based on

(i) Homer's *Iliad* ()

(ii) Virgil's *Aeneid* ()

(iii) Dante's *Inferno* ()

(iv) Homer's *Odyssey* ()

(c) The 'Rhyme Royal' is

(i) a stanza of eight lines in iambic pentameter ()

(ii) a stanza of seven lines in iambic pentameter ()

(iii) a ten-syllable iambic verse ()

(iv) a stanza of fourteen lines ()

(d) One of the legs of the compass in Donne's poem stands for

(i) idea of perfection ()

(ii) journey around England ()

(iii) idea of instability ()

(iv) mathematical calculation ()

(4)

(e) Orpheus in *Lycidas* is a

- (i) river ()
- (ii) nymph ()
- (iii) musician ()
- (iv) poet ()

(f) The ancient pulse of germ and birth was shrunken, because

- (i) the day has come to an end ()
- (ii) it is winter ()
- (iii) the century has come to an end ()
- (iv) every spirit on the earth was fervourless ()

(g) In scholarly writing one must avoid

- (i) proofreading ()
- (ii) referencing the text citation ()
- (iii) use of jargons and slangs ()
- (iv) attention to tenses ()

- (h) The poet longs to revive the song of the damsel
- (i) because he heard ancestral voices prophesying ()
 - (ii) as it would help him to reconstruct his pleasure dome ()
 - (iii) as he is without any sensation ()
 - (iv) as dancing rocks flung up the river Alph ()
- (i) The word 'Idyll' is derived from a Greek word meaning
- (i) ideal picture ()
 - (ii) little picture ()
 - (iii) small island ()
 - (iv) little village ()
- (j) Footnotes are placed
- (i) numerically at the end of each chapter in a book ()
 - (ii) numerically at the foot of the same page where direct references are made ()
 - (iii) numerically at the end of an essay on a separate page ()
 - (iv) numerically at the beginning of an essay on a separate page ()

(6)

3. Answer any *five* of the following in not more than 40 words each : 2×5=10

(a) What kind of verse form is the *Terza Rima*?

(b) What, according to Hippotades, was the cause of Lycidas' death?

(7)

(c) How does Donne describe earthly love?

(d) Describe the poet's feelings when Lucy died.

(8)

(e) What does Keats mean, when he calls the Nightingale 'immortal bird'?

(f) Mention one variety of Nature for which Hopkins praises God.

(9)

(g) Why is Hardy struck by the song of the thrush?

(h) What does Ulysses say to his fellow mariners in order to inspire them?

Ba/Soc-101

2 0 1 2

(1st Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper No. : SOC-101

(**Introduction to Sociology**)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(**PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE**)

(*Marks : 45*)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Define Sociology. Trace the origin and emergence of sociology as a scientific discipline. 4+5=9

Or

- (b) Bring out the significance of Sociology. 9

2. (a) How do Sociology and Political Science influence each other? 9

(2)

Or

(b) Discuss the relationship between Sociology and Social Anthropology.

3. (a) Define culture. Mention the characteristics of culture. 4+5=9

Or

(b) Define Society. Differentiate between Community and Association. 3+6=9

4. (a) What is Religion? Explain the significance of religion as a social institution. 3+6=9

Or

(b) What do you understand by family? Explain the different types of family. 3+6=9

5. (a) What is social change? Highlight the evolutionary theory of social change. 4+5=9

Or

(b) Substantiate the factors of social change. 9

Bc/En-2

2 0 1 2

ENGLISH

(Commerce)

SECOND PAPER

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 40)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 20)

1. Insert the missing articles 'a', 'an' and 'the' : $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$

(a) I need visa.

(b) He bought ice-cream.

(c) It was earthquake.

(2)

- (d) Such long queue!
- (e) Can't you walk little faster?
- (f) Joshna is in garden.
- (g) whale is in danger of becoming extinct.
- (h) He had egg for breakfast.
- (i) Do you know where city of Hague is?
- (j) It rained little during the night.

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$$

- (a) He got the bus at the corner.
- (b) They were here six.
- (c) Peter is us.
- (d) She climbed the wall.
- (e) The shop is just the corner.
- (f) He ran the stairs.
- (g) According Tom it is 2 : 20 p.m.
- (h) They are very keen golf.
- (i) I'm sorry the tickets.
- (j) He was absorbed his book.

FROM THESE
sentence :

- (a) It was a scene.
(horrified / horrible)
- (b) This is the theatre in
London.
(fresh / oldest)
- (c) He is my brother.
(elder / eldest)
- (d) Tell me something
(interested / interesting)
- (e) What an time to choose!
(odd / strange)
- (f) He is a young man.
(promised / promising)
- (g) She wore her outfit for the
interview.
(finer / finest)
- (h) He felt the thrill of dew wet
mornings in spring.
(nostalgic / nostalgia)
- (i) supplies will soon be made
available.
(farther / further)
- (j) Jane is the woman in
town.
(richer / richest)

(5)

4. Rewrite the following sentences correctly : $1 \times 5 = 5$

(a) Everyone have done his or her homework.

(b) Some of the water are gone.

(6)

(c) Either are fine with me.

(d) Two and two are four.

(e) My assets was wiped out in the depression.

(7)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 20)

5. Explain the meaning of any *ten* of the following :
2×10=20

(a) Eurozone

(b) Recession

(8)

(c) Deleverage

(d) Subsidy

(9)

(e) Monopoly

(f) Goodwill

(10)

(g) Warrant

(h) Bank Overdraft

(11)

(i) Debentures

(j) Sinking Fund

(12)

(k) Wholesale Trade

(l) Letter of Credit

(13)

(m) Expense

(n) Patent

Ba/His-101

2 0 1 2

(1st Semester)

HISTORY

Paper No. : HIS-101

(History of India up to the Mauryas)

Full Marks : 70 *Pass Marks : 45%*

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks : 45*)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer **all** questions

1. (a) Discuss the sources of ancient Indian history. 9

Or

- (b) Define Neolithic culture. Why is the Neolithic Age considered as a revolution in man's life?

(2)

2. (a) Give a brief account on the urban planning of the Indus Valley Civilization. 9

Or

- (b) Discuss the economic and religious life of the Harappan Civilization.

3. (a) Write a note on the society and polity of the Rigvedic period. $4\frac{1}{2}+4\frac{1}{2}=9$

Or

- (b) Discuss the economic and religious conditions of the later Vedic period. 9

4. (a) Sketch the career and examine the teachings of Lord Buddha. 9

Or

- (b) Describe the main teachings of Jainism.

5. (a) What do you understand by Ashoka's Dhamma? How did Ashoka propagate it? 9

Or

- (b) What is Mahajanapada? Discuss the causes for the rise of Magadha. $2+7=9$

Ba/His-101

2 0 1 2

(1st Semester)

HISTORY

Paper No. : HIS-101

(History of India up to the Mauryas)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—1

(Marks : 10)

Write short notes on the following :

2×5=10

1. (a) Palaeolithic

Or

(b) Traveller's Account

(2)

2. (a) Great Bath

Or

(b) Two reasons on the decline of the Indus Valley Civilization

(3)

3. (a) Ashrama

Or

(b) Four Varnas

(4)

4. (a) Two reasons for the rise of Religious Movement
in India

Or

(b) Two similarities between Jainism and Buddhism

(5)

5. (a) Kautilya

Or

(b) Ajatasatru

(6)

SECTION—2

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. The study of the development of script is called

(a) Epigraphy ()

(b) Palaeography ()

(c) Numismatics ()

2. The lower Palaeolithic is characterised by

(a) blade and burin industry ()

(b) hand axes and choppers ()

(c) geometric and microlithic ()

3. The Indus Civilization was

(a) brought to the Indus region by Sumerians ()

(b) indigenous in origin ()

(c) the work of the early Aryan settlers ()

(7)

4. Which goddess did the Indus Valley people worship most?

- (a) Mother goddess ()
- (b) Goddess of dawn ()
- (c) Goddess of morning ()

5. The Aryans came to India from outside India and first settled in

- (a) Kashmir ()
- (b) Delhi ()
- (c) Punjab ()

6. The Rigveda contains

- (a) 1028 hymns ()
- (b) 1238 hymns ()
- (c) 1208 hymns ()

7. The Jain sect, which keeps themselves naked are called

- (a) Digambaras ()
- (b) Shvetambaras ()
- (c) Buddhist monks ()

8. Dharma Chakra Pravartana or the turning of the wheel of law actually means

- (a) the enlightenment of Buddha ()
- (b) Buddha's first sermon at Sarnath ()
- (c) Buddha's 'great demise' at Kushinagara ()

9. What was the main cause of the decline of the Mauryan empire?

- (a) Ashoka's Dhamma ()
- (b) Weak successor of Ashoka ()
- (c) Disbandment of arm ()

10. The only conquest made by Bimbisara was

- (a) Kalinga ()
- (b) Magadha ()
- (c) Anga ()

(9)

SECTION—3

(Marks : 5)

State whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. The characteristic tools of the Mesolithic Age are microliths.

(T / F)

2. Harappa was excavated by R. D. Banerjee.

(T / F)

3. Rice mentioned as 'Vrihi' was an important agricultural crop of both early and later Vedic Age.

(T / F)

4. In spite of their protestant character, neither Buddhism nor Jainism waged any powerful struggle.

(T / F)

5. The Mauryan palace at Pataliputra was made of wood.

(T / F)

Ba/Eng (G)-101

2 0 1 2

(1st Semester)

GENERAL ENGLISH

Paper No. : ENG (G)-101

(Poetry, Basic English Usages and Language Skills)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks : 45*)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Discuss *Sweetest love I do not goe* as a love poem of Donne for his wife. 9

Or

- (b) Why does Pope say blindness to the future is kindly given? Why are the poor Indians called untutor'd?

(2)

2. (a) Give a critical appreciation of *The Solitary Reaper*. 9

Or

- (b) What are the Sun and Autumn season conspiring for? How is Autumn personified by Keats?

3. (a) Discuss *The Lotos Eaters* as a dramatic monologue. 9

Or

- (b) "That's my last Duchess painted on the wall,
Looking as if she were alive. I call
That piece a wonder,"

- (i) What is the name of the painter who painted the Last Duchess? 1
- (ii) Why does the Duke call that piece a wonder? 2
- (iii) From your reading of the poem, *My Last Duchess*, give a short character sketch of the Duchess. 6

4. Write an application letter along with your CV applying for the post of Assistant Professor in the Department of English. 9

(3)

5. (a) Bring out the thoughts contained in the octave of the sonnet. How is Milton reconciled at the end of the sonnet? 9

Or

- (b) Give the central idea of extract from *An Essay on Man*.

Ba/Eng (G)-101

2 0 1 2

(1st Semester)

GENERAL ENGLISH

Paper No. : ENG (G)-101

(Poetry, Basic English Usages and Language Skills)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Poetry)

1. Answer the following questions in not more than
40 words each : 2×6=12

(a) What reasons does Donne have to make a
speedier journey than the sun?

(2)

(b) What did Patience murmur to Milton in the poem, *On His Blindness*?

Or

Why does Pope call 'God' god of all 'who sees with equal eye'?

(3)

(c) What, according to the poet, could be the probable themes of the song of the Highland Lass?

Or

“Friendship is a sheltering tree.” Explain the line.

(4)

(d) What are different creatures that contribute to the uniqueness of Autumn's Music?

(5)

(e) " 'Courage!' he said, and pointed towards the land." Who is the speaker and the audience here?

(6)

(f) What are the sorts of trifling in the Duchess that led the Duke to stop all smiles together?

Or

How was the 'Sea of Faith' once in the past?

(7)

SECTION—II

(**Grammar and Usages**)

2. Correct the verbs in the following sentences : 1+1=2

(a) Thousand rupees are a huge amount.

(b) You might not make a noise in the class.

3. Transform the following sentences as directed : 1×3=3

(a) The town in which I live is small.

(Change into simple sentence)

(8)

(b) I like her for her simplicity.
(Change into compound sentence)

(c) My eighty-year-old grandmother can still weave lovely shawls.
(Change into complex sentence)

4. Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions : $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(a) It is hard for us to part
money.

(b) I inquired her health.

(c) I am not blind my faults.

(d) Abstain evil and do good.

(9)

5. Replace the adjectives in the following sentences with adjective phrases : $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(a) He lived in a wooden shack.

(b) We like to see a smiling face.

(c) He lives in a deserted village.

(d) The emperor wears a golden crown.

(10)

6. Write very brief notes on any *two* of the topics given below : 2×2=4

(a) Making notes and working on bibliography

(11)

(b) Presentation of an assignment

(12)

(c) Scholarly style of writing

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : POL-101

(Political Theory : Ideas and Concept)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Define Political Theory. 9

Or

Discuss the nature and scope of Political Theory.

2. Define State. Briefly discuss the origin of State. 2+7=9

Or

Examine various elements of State. 9

3. Define Liberty. Explain briefly various kinds of liberty. 2+7=9

Or

Compare and contrast between liberty and equality. 9

4. Discuss Rawl's theory of justice. 9

Or

What is Law? Explain the sources of law. 2+7=9

5. Define Democracy. What are the conditions necessary for the success of democracy? 2+7=9

Or

Discuss the principles of Liberal Democracy. 9

Ba/Pol-101

2 0 1 2

(1st Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : POL-101

(Political Theory : Ideas and Concept)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks : 45*)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Define Political Theory. 9

Or

Discuss the nature and scope of Political Theory.

2. Define State. Briefly discuss the origin of State. 2+7=9

Or

Examine various elements of State. 9

(2)

3. Define Liberty. Explain briefly various kinds of liberty. 2+7=9

Or

Compare and contrast between liberty and equality. 9

4. Discuss Rawl's theory of justice. 9

Or

What is Law? Explain the sources of law. 2+7=9

5. Define Democracy. What are the conditions necessary for the success of democracy? 2+7=9

Or

Discuss the principles of Liberal Democracy. 9

Ba/Pol-101

2 0 1 2

(1st Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : POL-101

(Political Theory : Ideas and Concept)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

A. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the
brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. The term 'sovereignty' is derived from a Latin
word 'superanus' which means

(a) unitary ()

(b) superhuman being ()

(c) supreme ()

(d) None of the above ()

2. The State possesses

- (a) five elements ()
- (b) seven elements ()
- (c) four elements ()
- (d) six elements ()

3. Sovereignty possesses

- (a) three aspects ()
- (b) two aspects ()
- (c) four aspects ()
- (d) None of the above ()

4. The word 'liber' means

- (a) licence ()
- (b) free ()
- (c) restricted ()
- (d) obstruction ()

5. Natural liberty is generally identified with
- (a) restricted freedom ()
 - (b) limited freedom ()
 - (c) unlimited and unrestricted freedom ()
 - (d) None of the above ()
6. Which of the following statements is true in the 20th century?
- (a) The demands for all kinds of equality have been achieved ()
 - (b) There has been a new battle cry of equality among nations and equality of gender ()
 - (c) There has been emphasis only on legal equality ()
 - (d) None of the above ()
7. The modern-times justice is
- (a) legal ()
 - (b) social ()
 - (c) moral ()
 - (d) political ()

8. Who among the following defined sovereignty from a legal point of view?

- (a) Garner ()
- (b) John Austin ()
- (c) R. G. Gettel ()
- (d) Jeremy Bentham ()

9. The origin of democracy can be traced to

- (a) Ancient Greek City-States ()
- (b) Medieval Age ()
- (c) Feudalism ()
- (d) Ancient India ()

10. "Democracy is a government of the people, by the people and for the people." Who said this?

- (a) Macpherson ()
- (b) Lincoln ()
- (c) Bryce ()
- (d) Dicey ()

(5)

B. Write short notes on the following : 5×2=10

1. Law and morality

(6)

2. Difference between de facto and de jure
sovereignty

(7)

C. Indicate *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark :

1×5=5

1. In a direct democracy, all the people directly express their will on public affairs in a mass meeting.

(T / F)

2. Marxists deny the need of democratic government as well as democratic State.

(T / F)

3. According to Laski, "Rights in fact are those conditions of social life without which no man can seek in general to be his best."

(T / F)

4. The State is temporary.

(T / F)

5. Civil liberty refers to the liberty enjoyed by man in society.

(T / F)

UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT

Paper No. : ECO—101

(**Microeconomics—I**)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer any **three** questions

1. What is demand? Explain the law of demand. Why does the demand curve slope downward from left to right? 3+4+8
2. Explain with suitable diagram how a consumer can attain equilibrium under indifference curve analysis.

Ba/Eco-101

2012

(1st Semester)

ECONOMICS

Paper No. : ECO—101

(**Microeconomics—I**)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks : 45*)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer *any three* questions

1. What is demand? Explain the law of demand. Why does the demand curve slope downward from left to right? 3+4+8
2. Explain with suitable diagram how a consumer can attain equilibrium under indifference curve analysis. 15

(2)

3. What is production function? Discuss the important properties of Cobb-Douglas production function. 3+12
4. Explain why the average cost curve is U-shaped. 15
5. Critically examine the basic conditions of Pareto's optimality. 15
6. Distinguish between social welfare and individual welfare. Discuss the role of value judgements in welfare economics. 5+10

Ba/Eco-101

2 0 1 2

(1st Semester)

ECONOMICS

Paper No. : ECO-101

(Microeconomics—I)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

A. Tick the correct answer in the box provided :

1×10=10

1. The scarcity definition of economics was propounded by

(a) Alfred Marshall

(b) Adam Smith

(c) L. Robbins

(d) A. C. Pigou

(2)

2. Opportunity cost of anything is
- (a) the alternative that has been foregone
 - (b) the alternative that has not been foregone
 - (c) the next best alternative
 - (d) None of the above
3. When MC is less than AC, AC is
- (a) maximum
 - (b) rising
 - (c) falling
 - (d) minimum
4. A perfectly inelastic demand curve is a/an
- (a) negatively sloping curve
 - (b) horizontal straight line
 - (c) upward sloping curve
 - (d) vertical straight line

(3)

5. The indifference curve analysis is based on
- (a) cardinal utility analysis
 - (b) ordinal utility analysis
 - (c) marginal utility analysis
 - (d) All of the above
6. Production function refers to the relationship between
- (a) output and cost
 - (b) output and input
 - (c) physical input and physical output
 - (d) capital and labour
7. The law of variable proportions is also known as
- (a) the law of increasing return
 - (b) the law of diminishing return
 - (c) the law of constant return
 - (d) None of the above

(4)

8. Normative economics
- (a) involves value judgement
 - (b) does not involve value judgement
 - (c) None of the above
9. A given economic state is Pareto optimal, if a policy change
- (a) can make everyone better off.
 - (b) can make someone better off and someone worse off.
 - (c) can make someone better off and all other worse off.
 - (d) cannot make anyone better off without making someone worse off.
10. Indifference curve is generally
- (a) convex to the origin
 - (b) concave to the origin
 - (c) a horizontal line
 - (d) a vertical straight line

(5)

B. Indicate *True (T)* or *False (F)* by a Tick (✓) mark :

1×5=5

1. When the marginal utility is maximum, the total utility is also maximum.

(T / F)

2. An upward shift in the demand curve indicates larger quantity demanded at the same price.

(T / F)

3. The concept of scale refers to short period.

(T / F)

4. The marginal cost increases continuously with the increase in production.

(T / F)

5. The positive economics is concerned with explaining what it is.

(T / F)

(6)

SECTION—II

C. Write short notes on any *five* of the following :

2×5=10

1. Elasticity of demand

(7)

2. Price mechanism

(8)

3. Consumer surplus

(9)

4. Marginal rate of substitution

(10)

5. Economies of scale

(11)

6. Accounting cost and economic cost

(12)

7. Downward-sloping indifference curve

Ba/Edn-101

2 0 1 2

(1st Semester)

EDUCATION

Paper No. : EDN-101

(**Psychological Bases of Education**)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks : 45*)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. "Knowledge of Educational Psychology is imperative for a successful teacher." Discuss. 9

Or

Explain the experimental method of studying human behaviour. What are its limitations?

7+2=9

2. What do you understand by the terms 'growth' and 'development'? State the principles of development. 4+5=9

(2)

Or

What is adolescence? Explain the physical, social, emotional and intellectual developments during adolescence. 3+6=9

3. Explain the meaning of 'creativity' and its characteristics. How can the creative behaviour be improved in schools? 4+5=9

Or

Define intelligence. Explain Spearman's theory of Intelligence. 2+7=9

4. What is learning? What are various factors affecting learning? 2+7=9

Or

Give one definition of learning. Explain Thorndike's theory of Learning. 2+7=9

5. Define personality. Explain the role of home and school in determining the personality development. 2+7=9

Or

Explain the nature of personality. Discuss Jung and Cattell's Type and Trait Approaches of Personality. 2+7=9

Ba/Edn-101

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(1st Semester)

EDUCATION

Paper No. : EDN-101

(Psychological Bases of Education)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the appropriate response from the choices given
below : 1×10=10

1. The word 'psychology' is derived from a/an

- (a) Greek word ()
- (b) Arabic word ()
- (c) Latin word ()
- (d) Sanskrit word ()

(2)

2. Who propounded the Theory of Psychoanalysis?

- (a) Pavlov ()
- (b) Wilhelm Wundt ()
- (c) Watson ()
- (d) Sigmund Freud ()

3. Rapid intellectual growth is marked during

- (a) adulthood ()
- (b) infancy ()
- (c) childhood ()
- (d) adolescence ()

4. Creativity refers to

- (a) originality ()
- (b) conservativeness ()
- (c) timidity ()
- (d) intensity ()

5. Theory of Classical Conditioning was propounded by

- (a) B. F. Skinner ()
- (b) W. Kohler ()
- (c) Ivan Pavlov ()
- (d) Thorndike ()

6. Personality means

- (a) everything about an individual ()
- (b) a genius ()
- (c) mental and emotional qualities ()
- (d) physical appearance ()

7. Trial and Error Theory is also called learning by

- (a) insight ()
- (b) connectionism ()
- (c) conditioning ()
- (d) observation ()

(4)

8. The word 'gestalt' means

- (a) perception ()
- (b) experience ()
- (c) organized whole ()
- (d) a part ()

9. Jung classified human beings into

- (a) choleric and melancholic ()
- (b) extrovert and introvert ()
- (c) pyknic and athletic ()
- (d) endomorphic and mesomorphic ()

10. Daydreaming is a common happening in

- (a) adolescence ()
- (b) childhood ()
- (c) infant ()
- (d) old age ()

(5)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 15)

Write short notes on (any *five*) :

3×5=15

1. Experimental method of psychology

(6)

2. Interest

(7)

3. Concept of Intelligence Quotient

(8)

4. Concept of Individual Difference

(9)

5. Positive transfer of learning

(10)

6. Freud's Theory of Personality

(11)

7. Characteristics of an extrovert personality
