Subject Code: Ba/Eco-301	Booklet No. A		
To be filled in by the Candidate	Date Stamp		
BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA 3rd Semester End Term Examination, 2020			
Subject	To be filled in by the Candidate		
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES	BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA		
 The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script meant for descriptive type questions and vice versa. 	3rd Semester End Term Examination, 2020		
2. This paper should be ANSWERED FIRST and submitted within 1 (one) Hour of the commencement of the Examination.	Roll No		
3. While answering the questions of this booklet, any cutting, erasing, overwriting or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done only on the main Answer Book. Instructions given in each question should be followed for answering that question	Subject Paper DESCRIPTIVE TYPE		
only.	Booklet No. B		

Signature of Scrutiniser(s)

Signature of Examiner(s)

Signature of Invigilator(s)

2020

(3rd Semester)

ECONOMICS

Paper No. : ECO-301

(Macroeconomics—I)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks: 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- **A.** Put a Tick \square mark against the correct answer in the box provided : $1 \times 10 = 10$
 - 1. National income is
 - (a) income of the government \Box
 - (b) budget of the government \Box
 - (c) sum total of factor incomes \Box
 - (d) profits of the public undertaking \Box

2.	Wh	o developed the flow of funds accounting?
	(a)	W. C. Mitchell □
	(b)	Morris A. Copeland □
	(c)	R. W. Smith \Box
	(d)	Robert Lipsey
3.		o is the author of the book, <i>General Theory of</i> ployment, Interest and Money?
	(a)	Duesenberry \square
	(b)	Ricardo
	(c)	J. M. Keynes □
	(d)	Adam Smith
4.		ich of the following is not an implication of r's law?
	(a)	Supply creates its own demand \Box
	(b)	Presence of involuntary unemployment \Box
	(c)	Automatic adjustment of economic elements \square
	(d)	Absence of general overproduction \Box

5.		consumption function which is not uenced by current income is
	(a)	induced consumption \Box
	(b)	autonomous consumption \Box
	(c)	consumption spending \Box
	(d)	None of the above \Box
6.	The rela	consumption function shows the tionship between consumer expenditure and
	(a)	interest rate \Box
	(b)	tax rate
	(c)	savings
	(d)	disposable income \Box
7.	Which of the following is the monetary theory of interest?	
	(a)	Saving-investment theory
	(b)	Loanable funds theory \Box
	(c)	Liquidity preference theory \Box
	(d)	Modern theory

8.		e demand schedule for loanable ludes	funds
	(a)	savings \square	
	(b)	created money \Box	
	(c)	dissavings	
	(d)	idle balances \square	
9.	An	increase in investment will shift	
	(a)	the IS curve upward to the right	
	(b)	the IS curve downward to the left	
	(c)	the LM curve upward to the left	
	(d)	the LM curve downward to the right	
10.	Acc	cording to Keynes, investment depend	s upon
	(a)	production \Box	
	(b)	consumption \Box	
	(c)	output \square	
	(d)	business expectations \Box	

B.	State whether the following statements are True (Γ)
	or False (F) by putting a Tick (/) mark:	$1 \times 5 = 5$

1. In the accounting sense, the BOP remains in a state of balance.

(T / F)

2. According to Say's law, unemployment can be removed by rise in wages.

(T / F)

3. MPC is positive by less than one.

(T / F)

4. The classical theory of interest assumes full employment of resources.

(T/F)

5. The operation of multiplier is adversely affected by imports.

(T / F)

 ${f C.}$ Answer/Write notes on any five of the following :

2×5=10

1. Social accounting

2. Distinguish between national income at factor cost and national income at market price.

3. Say's law of markets

(9)

4. Investment multiplier

5. Factors influencing MEC

(11)

6. Propositions of Keynes psychological law of consumption

7. MPC

(13)

8. Autonomous investment
