2017

1st Semester)

COMMERCE

(Honours)

Paper No.: BCAF-01/BCM-01

(Financial Management)

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

 (a) What is Financial Management? Explain Profit vs. Wealth maximization. 2+12=14

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(b) What is capital budgeting? A company is considering an investment proposal to purchase a machine costing ₹2,50,000. The machine has a life expectancy of 5 years and no salvage value. The company's tax rate is 40%. The firm uses straight-line method for providing depreciation. The estimated cash flows

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(Turn Over)

before tax (CFBT) after depreciation from the machine are as follows:

Year	CFBT (₹)
1	60,000
2	70,000
3	 90,000
4	1,00,000
5	1,50,000

Calculate-

- (i) payback period;
- (ii) profitability index;
- (iii) net present value @ 10% discount rate. 2+12=14

The PV factors @ 10% discount rate are as follows:

Year	
1	-909
2	-826
3	-751
4	-683
5	-621

2. (a) What is cost of capital? What is its significance? Also explain the problems . in determination of cost of capital.

3+6+5=14

Or

(b) How is cost of debt computed? A company issues ₹10,00,000, 10% redeemable debentures at a discount of 5%. The costs of floatation amount

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(Continued)

to ₹30,000. The debentures are redeemable after 5 years. Calculate before-tax and after-tax cost of debt assuming a tax rate of 50%. 4+10=14

 (a) What is leverage? Explain financial and operating leverages in detail along with their advantages and disadvantages.

4+10=14

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- (b) A company's capital structure consists of ₹10,00,000 (shares of ₹100 each) equity capital and ₹4,00,000, 10% debentures. The sales increased by 20% from 100000 units to 120000 units; the selling price is ₹20 per unit; variable cost amount to ₹12 per unit and fixed expenses amount to ₹2,00,000. The rate of income tax is assumed to be 50%. You are required to calculate—
 - (i) the percentage increase in earnings per share;
 - (ii) the degree of financial leverage at 100000 units and 120000 units;
 - (iii) the degree of operating leverage at 100000 units and 120000 units.

4+5+5=14

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4. (a) Explain the factors determining the capital structure of a company.

Or

- (b) Discuss the various forms of dividends.
 What are the assumptions and criticism
 of MM hypothesis under dividend
 policies?
 6+8=14
- 5. (a) Explain the concept of working capital.

 Describe the need and determinants of working capital in a business. 4+10=14

 Or
 - (b) From the following data, compute the duration of the operating cycle for each of the two companies: 7+7=14

	Company—A	Company—B
Stock:	(₹)	(₹)
Raw materials	20,000	27,000
Work-in-progress	14,000	18,000
Finished goods	21,000	24,000
Purchase/Consumption		-1,000
of raw material	96,000	1,35,000
Cost of goods produced/		1,00,000
sold	1,40,000	1,80,000
Sales	1,60,000	2,00,000
Debtors	32,000	50,000
Creditors	16,000	18,000
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Assuming 360 days per year for computational purposes.

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