

2017

(1st Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : POL-101

(Political Theory : Ideas and Concepts)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Explain the meaning of political theory.
Discuss its nature. 3+6=9

Or

Define political theory. Discuss its scope. 3+6=9

2. Define State. Examine various elements of State. 1+8=9

Or

Explain the evolutionary theory of the origin of the State. 9

3. Discuss the relationship between law and liberty. 9

Or

Define equality. Explain its various types. 2+7=9

4. Define justice. Discuss the various dimensions of justice. 2+7=9

Or

Critically discuss Austin's theory of sovereignty. 9

5. Define democracy. What are the conditions necessary for the success of democracy? 2+7=9.

Or

Discuss Marxist theory of democracy. 9

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POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : POL-101

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(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

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SECTION—A

A. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. Political theory in its classic form emerged in

- (a) ancient Greek culture ()
- (b) ancient Chinese culture ()
- (c) Marxists writings ()
- (d) Laski's writings ()

2. Sovereignty is the constituent element of
- (a) the Nation ()
 - (b) the Government ()
 - (c) the State ()
 - (d) the Society ()
3. According to Marxists, the State is
- (a) a divine institution ()
 - (b) a natural institution ()
 - (c) an instrument of dominant class ()
 - (d) a welfare institution ()
4. The matriarchal theory of the origin of the State is associated with
- (a) Sir Henry Maine ()
 - (b) Adam Smith ()
 - (c) Herbert Spencer ()
 - (d) Edward Jenks ()

5. The word 'liber' means
- (a) freedom ()
 - (b) restricted ()
 - (c) free ()
 - (d) licence ()
6. The sanction behind moral right is
- (a) the judiciary ()
 - (b) the parliament ()
 - (c) the ethical sense of the community ()
 - (d) the constitution ()
7. In which book, Plato elaborated his theory of Justice?
- (a) *Republic* ()
 - (b) *Statesman* ()
 - (c) *Laws* ()
 - (d) None of the above ()

8. De jure sovereignty means
- (a) limited sovereignty ()
 - (b) judicial sovereignty ()
 - (c) sovereignty in law ()
 - (d) sovereignty in fact ()
9. The elitist theory of democracy is found in the writings of
- (a) Pareto and Mosca ()
 - (b) Pareto and Laski ()
 - (c) Mosca and Marx ()
 - (d) Laski and Mill ()
10. Which theory of democracy supports dictatorship of the proletariat?
- (a) Liberal theory ()
 - (b) Idealist theory ()
 - (c) Elitist theory ()
 - (d) Marxist theory ()

SECTION—B

B. Answer the following :

5×2=10

1. Explain the force theory of the origin of the State. 5

2. Mention the characteristics of sovereignty and explain any one of them. 3+2=5

SECTION—C

C. Indicate whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick (✓) mark :

1×5=5

1. Traditional political theory concerned itself with what politics ought to be.

(T / F)

2. In the view of John Locke, state of nature was a state of peace, goodwill, mutual assistance and preservation.

(T / F)

3. In the positive sense, equality means absence of discrimination.

(T / F)

4. Justice according to law and law according to justice is legal justice.

(T / F)

5. In democracy, the final authority rest with the parliament.

(T / F)
