Bc/ITLP-604

2021

(6th Semester)

COMMERCE

Paper: BC-604

(Income-Tax Law and Practice)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks: 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- **1.** Choose and write the correct answer from the options provided : $1 \times 10 = 10$
 - (a) Every assessee is a person and
 - (i) every person is also an assessee
 - (ii) every person need not be an assessee
 - (iii) an individual is always an assessee
 - (iv) A HUF is always an assessee
 - (b) Residential status is to be determined for
 - (i) accounting year
 - (ii) assessment year
 - (iii) previous year
 - (iv) All of the above

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- (c) An income earned from winning lottery is computed under
 - (i) income from salary
 - (ii) income from house property
 - (iii) income from profession
 - (iv) income from other sources
- (d) Income from business and profession comes under
 - (i) Section 18 to 25
 - (ii) Section 28 to 44
 - (iii) Section 22 to 28
 - (iv) Section 43 to 56
- (e) Under the IT Act, winning from lottery, puzzle or games must deduct tax at the rate of
 - (i) 35%
 - (ii) 70%
 - (iii) 30%
 - (iv) 20%
- (f) Payment of Advance Tax by an Individual Assessee on or before 15th December should be
 - (i) not less than 60%
 - (ii) not less than 30%
 - (iii) not less than 90%
 - (iv) not less than 100%

- (g) "Appeal by a person denying liability to deduct tax" is under which Section of IT Act?
 - (i) Section 247
 - (ii) Section 248
 - (iii) Section 250
 - (iv) Section 252
- (h) Order of Appellate Tribunal comes under
 - (i) Section 248
 - (ii) Section 230
 - (iii) Section 234
 - (iv) Section 262
- (i) CBDT is created under the Central Board of
 - (i) Revenue Act, 1961
 - (ii) Income-tax Organization Act, 1961
 - (iii) Revenue Act, 1963
 - (iv) Income-tax Act, 1961
- (j) The person with whom an assessee comes into direct contact is
 - (i) Commissioner of Income Tax
 - (ii) Director of Income Tax
 - (iii) Joint Commissioner of Income Tax
 - (iv) Income-tax Officer

- **2.** State whether the following statements are *True* or *False*: $1 \times 5 = 5$
 - (a) A person may not have assessable income but may still be assessee.
 - (b) For computation of House Rent Allowance, salary means basic pay only.
 - (c) TDS is not a method of collection of taxes.
 - (d) Section 260 (B) of Income-tax Act, states about Appeal to High Court.
 - (e) Income-tax authorities have been constituted under Section 116 of the Income-tax Act, 1961.
- **3.** Write short notes on the following : $2 \times 5 = 10$
 - (a) Tax Avoidance
 - (b) Gross Total Income
 - (c) Gratuity
 - (d) Persons
 - (e) Appeals
