# CURRICULUM AND CREDIT FRAMEWORK FOR UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMMES

Syllabus for

**Department of Sociology Nagaland University** 

2023

Approved by 36<sup>th</sup> Academic Council (on 17<sup>th</sup> May, 2023)

# **COURSE CONTENT**

# **Major Course (Core papers):**

# Core papers

Paper Code	Course Code	Title of the paper	Total Credit
		FIRST SEMESTER	
C-1	SOC/H/C-1	Introduction to Sociology-I	4
C-2	SOC/H/C-2	Sociology of India-I	4
		SECOND SEMESTER	
C-3	SOC/H/C-3	Introduction to Sociology-II	4
C-4	SOC/H/C-4	Sociology of India-II	4
		THIRD SEMESTER	
C-5	SOC/H/C-5	Political Sociology	4
C-6	SOC/H/C-6	Sociology of Religion	4
	•	FOURTH SEMESTER	
C-7	SOC/H/C-7	Sociology of Gender	4
C-8	SOC/H/C-8	Economic Sociology	4
		FIFTH SEMESTER	
C- 9	SOC/H/C-9	Sociology of Kinship	4
C-10	SOC/H/C-10	Social Stratification	4
C-11	SOC/H/C-11	Sociological Thinkers-I	4
		SIXTH SEMESTER	
C-12	SOC/H/C-12	Sociological Research Methods-I	4
C-13	SOC/H/C-13	Sociological Thinkers-II	4
C-14	SOC/H/C-14	Sociological Research Methods-II	4
C-15	SOC/H/C-15	Urban Sociology	4
		SEVEN SEMESTER	
C-16	SOC/H/C-16	Environmental Sociology	4
C-17	SOC/H/C-17	Indian Sociological Traditions	4
C-18	SOC/H/C-18	Reading Ethnographies	4
C-19		Research Methodology	4
EIGHT SEM	ESTER		1
C-20			4
C-21			4
C-22			4
C-23	7		4

# CourseCode: SOC/H/C-1 INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY - I

### **Course Objective:**

The mandate of the course is to introduce the discipline to students from diverse trainings and capabilities. The course is intended to introduce the students to a sociological way of thinking. It also provides a foundation for the other more detailed and specialized courses in sociology.

#### **Outline:**

# 1. Sociology: Discipline and Perspective

- a. Meaning of Sociology
- b. Scope and Significance of Sociology
- c. Thinking Sociologically
  - d. Emergence of Sociology and Social Anthropology

#### 2. Sociology and Other Social Sciences

- a. Sociology & History
  - b. Sociology & Psychology
- c. Sociology & Economics
- d. Sociology & Political Science

#### 3. Basic Concepts

- a. Individual and Group
- b. Associations and Institutions
- c. Social Control and Change
- d. Status and Role

# 4. Social Institutions – Basic Concepts

- a. Family
- b. Religion
  - c. Education
  - d. Politics

### **5.**Social Stratification – Basic Concepts

- a. Caste
  - b. Class
  - c. Gender
  - d. Ethnicity

- 1. Beattie, J., 1966, *Other Cultures*, London R.K.P., Chapter 2, 'Social Anthropology and Some Other Sciences of Man', Pp. 25-29
- 2. Beteille, Andre, 2009, *Sociology: Essays in Approach and Method*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Chapter 1, 'Sociology and Common Sense', Pp. 13-27
- 3. Beteille, André, 2002, *Sociology: Essays in Approach & Method*, Oxford University Press, Chapter 2, 'Sociology and Social Anthropology', Pp. 28-54
- 4. Bierstedt,Robert,1974,*The Social Order*, New York: McGraw Hill Book Company Part 3, Chapter 5,6 & 7 Pp. 188-212
- 5. Bottomore, T. B. 1971, *Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature*, London: Allen and Unwin. Chapter 4, 'The Social Sciences, History and Philosophy', Pp. 65-80
- 6. Burke, Peter, 1980, *Sociology and History*, George Allen and Unwin, Chapter 1, 'Sociologists and Historians', Pp. 13-30
- 7. Giddens, Anthony. Sociology: Problems and Perspectives, Polity Press, UK, 1993
- 8. Gisbert, S.J. Pascual. Fundamental of Sociology, Orient Longman, Bombay, 1991
- 9. Haralambos, M; 1991; *Sociology, Themes and Perspectives*; New Delhi; Oxford University Press.
- 10. Horton, Paul B., Chester L. Hunt. 2004, *Sociology*. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill, Chapter 8-9, Pp. 185-209
- 11. Inkeles, Alex; 2003; What is Sociology? *An Introduction to the Discipline and Profession*; New Delhi; Prentice Hall of India Private Limited.
- 12. Jayaram, N; 1990; Introducing Sociology; New Delhi; MacMillan India Ltd.
- 13. Johnson, Harry M, 1995, Sociology: A Systematic Introduction, New Delhi, Allied Publishers.
- 14. Jonathan H; 1994; Sociology: Concepts and Uses; New York; McGraw Hill Inc
- 15. MacIver, Robert M, and Charles Hunt Page. 1949. *Society*, New York: Rinehart. Chapter 10, 'Types of Social Groups', Pp. 213-237
- 16. Majumdar, D.N. and Madan, T.N. An Introduction to Social Anthropology, Mayoor Paperbacks, New Delhi, 2002.
- 17. Redfield, Robert 1956, Chapter 16, 'How Human Society Operates', in Harry L Shapiro (ed.) *Man, Culture and Society*. New York: Oxford University Press, Pp. 345-368
- 18. Ritzer, George, 1996, *Classical Sociological Theory*, New York: McGraw Hill, Chapter 1, 'A Historical Sketch of Sociological Theory- The Early Years', Pp. 13-46
- 19. Singh, Yogendra. Social Stratification and Change in India, Manohar Publishers, 1977

# CourseCode: SOC/H/C-2 SOCIOLOGY OF INDIA-I

# **Course Objective:**

This paper introduces the processes and modes of construction of knowledge of India. Further, it aims to draw attention to the key concepts and institutions which are useful for the understanding of Indian society.

#### **Outline:**

# 1. India: An Object of Knowledge

- a. The Colonial Discourse
- b. The Nationalist Discourse
- c. The Subaltern Critique
- d. Unity in Diversity

#### 2. Caste

- a. Theories of origin of Caste system
- b. Transformation of Caste system
- c. Mobility in Caste
- d. Caste and Politics

#### 3. Tribe

- a. Concept and Definition
- b. Distribution of Tribal people in India
- c. Problems and Issues of Tribal people in India
- d. Approaches to Tribal development Assimilation/Isolation/Integration

# 4. Agrarian Society

- a. Features of Agrarian Society
- b. Occupational structure
- c. Land ownership pattern
- d. Contemporary Issues

# 5. Industry and Labour

- a. Types of Industries in India
  - b.Human relations
  - c. Authority relations
- d. Role of Trade Unions

- 1. Breman, J., 1999, "The Study of Industrial Labour in Post Colonial India: The Formal Sector", *Contributions to Indian Sociology*, 33(1&2), Pp.1-4
- 2. Cohn, B.S., 1990, *An Anthropologist among the Historians and OtherEssays*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.136-171
- 3. Dhanagare, D.N., 1991, "The Model of Agrarian Classes in India", in D. Gupta (ed.), *Social Stratification*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp. 271-275
- 4. Kaviraj, S., 2010, *The Imaginary Institution of India*, Ranikhet: Permanent Black, Pp.85-126
- 5. Haimendorf, C. V. F., 1967, "The Position of Tribal Population in India", in Mason *India* and Ceylon: Unity and Diversity, New York: Oxford University Press, Chapter 9
- 6. Srinivas, M.N., 1969, "The Caste System in India", in A. Béteille (ed.) *Social Inequality:* Selected Readings, Harmondsworth: Penguin Books, Pp.265-272
- 7. Cohn, B.S., 1990, *An Anthropologist among the Historians and OtherEssays*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.136-171
- 8. Kaviraj, S., 2010, The Imaginary Institution of India, Ranikhet: Permanent Black, Pp.85-126
- 9. Guha, R., 1982, Subaltern Studies, Volume I. Delhi: OUP, Pp.1-8
- 10. Mencher, J., 1991, "The Caste System Upside Down", in D. Gupta (ed.), *Social Stratification*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.93-109
- 11. Dhanagare, D.N., 1991, "The Model of Agrarian Classes in India", in D. Gupta (ed.), *Social Stratification*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp. 271-275.
- 12. Breman, J., 1999, "The Study of Industrial Labour in Post Colonial India: The Formal Sector", *Contributions to Indian Sociology*, 33(1&2), Pp.1-41
- 13. Haimendorf, C. V. F., 1967, "The Position of Tribal Population in India", in P. Mason *India* and Ceylon: Unity and Diversity, New York: Oxford University Press, Chapter 9
- 14. Srinvas, M. N., 1987, *The Dominant Caste and Other Essays*, Delhi:Oxford University Press, Pp.20-59
- 15. Karve, I., 1994, "The Kinship Map of India", in P. Uberoi (ed.) *Family,Kinship and Marriage in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.50-73
- 16. Srinivas, M.N. and A. M. Shah, 1968, "Hinduism", in D. L. Sills (ed.) *TheInternational Encyclopaedia of Social Sciences*, Volume 6, New York:Macmillan, Pp.358-366
- 17. Momin, A.R., 1977, "The Indo Islamic Tradition", Sociological Bulletin, 26, Pp. 242-258
- 18. Uberoi, J.P.S., 1997, "The Five Symbols of Sikhism", in T.N. Madan (ed.) *Religion in India*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp. 320-332

# CourseCode: SOC/H/C-3 Introduction to Sociology-II

## **Course Objective:**

The course aims to provide a general introduction to sociological thought. The focus is on studying from the original texts to give the students a flavor of howover a period of time thinkers have conceptualized various aspects of society. This paper also provides a foundation for thinkers in the other papers.

#### **Outline:**

### 1. Introduction to Theories of Society

- a. Montesquieu and Rousseau Emergence of Social Theory
- b. Herbert Spencer Conceptualizing society
- c. George Simmel sociability
- d. Saint Simon and August Comte- Origin of Positivism

#### 2. Structuralism

- a. Emile Durkheim Social Solidarity
- b. A.R. Radcliffe Brown The idea of social structure
  - c. Levi –Strauss Structuralist approach to Myths
  - d. Edmund Leach Social Structure

# 3. Functionalist Perspective

- a. Malinowski Theory of Needs
- b. Talcott Parsons Action Theory
- c. Talcott Parsons -AGIL Paradigm
- d. R. K. Merton Strain Theory

# 4. Interpretive and Interactionist Perspective

- a. Max Weber Concept of Social Action
- b. G.H. Mead -Pragamatism
  - c. Herbert Blumer Symbolic Interactionism
  - d. Goffman Dramaturgy

# 5. Conflict Perspective

- a. Karl Marx Dialectical Materialism
  - b. Wright Mills Elite
- c.Lewis Coser functionalist interpretation of conflict
- d. Ralf Dahrendorf Class conflict in modern society

- 1. Adams, B. N. and Sydie, R.A. (2001). *Sociological Theory*. California: Pine Forge Press-Sage.
- 2. Allen, K. (2006). The Social Lens: An Invitation to Social and Sociological Theory. Sage.
- 3. Aron, R. (1971). Main Currents in Sociological Thought. Penguin Books.
- 4. Bottomore, T. B. 1971. *Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature*, London: Allen and Unwin, Chapter 2, Pp. 29-47
- 5. Calhoun, C. et al (Ed.) (2002). *Contemporary Sociological Theory*. Massachusetes: Blackwell. (Chapter 3,4,5,7,8, 22).
- 6. Coser, L. Masters of Sociological Thought: Ideas in Historical and Social Context, (2<sup>nd</sup>ed.) New York: Harcourt, 1977.
- 7. Dahrendorf, Ralf, 1968, *Essays in the Theory of Society*, Stanford: Stanford University Press, Chapters 4 & 5, Pp. 107-150
- 8. Durkheim, Emile,1984,*The Division of Labour in Society*, Basingstoke: Macmillan. Pp. 149-174
- 9. Giddens, A., and Turner, J. (eds.) (1987) Social Theory Today. Cambridge: Polity.
- 10. Giddens, Anthony, 2010, *Sociology*, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Polity, Chapter 7, 'Social Interaction in Everyday Life', Pp. 247-280
- 11. Gouldner, Alvin, 1977, 'Sociology's Basic Assumptions' in Thompson, Kenneth and Jeremy Tunstall, *Sociological Perspectives*, New York: Penguin Books Ltd, Pp. 13-17
- 12. Joseph, J. (Ed.), (2005) Social Theory: A Reader. Edinburg: Edinburg University Press.
- 13. Leach, Edmund, 1973, 'Structuralism in Social Anthropology', In Robey, David *Structuralism: An Introduction*, 1st ed., Oxford: Clarendon Press, 37-56
- 14. Magill, Frank N., 1996, *International Encyclopedia of Sociology*, Volume 1, Routledge, Pp. 690-693
- 15. Marx, Karl, 1990, Selected writings in Sociology and Social Philosophy, Penguin Books Limited, Pp. 88-101
- 16. Radcliffe Brown, A.R., 1976, *Structure and Function in Primitive Society*, Free Press Chapter 9 & 10, Pp. 178-204
- 17. Shils, E. A., and Finch, H. A. (eds.) (1949). *The Methodology of the Social Sciences: Max Weber*. New York: Free Press
- 18. Turner, B.S. (Ed.) (2009). *The New Blackwell Companion to Social Theory*. Sussex. Blackwell. (Introduction, Chapter One, Chapter nine)
- 19. Wallace, R.A. and Wolf, A. (1995). *Contemporary Sociological Theory: Continuing the Classical Tradition*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- 20. Weber, Max, 1978, Economy & Society: An outline of Interpretive Sociology, Vol. 1, University of California Press, Basic Concepts, Pages 4-26

# CourseCode: SOC/H/C-4 Sociology of India-II

# **Course Objective:**

This paper aims to draw attention to the variety of ideas and debates aboutIndia. Further, it critically engages with the multiple socio-political forces andideologies which shape the terrain of the nation.

#### **Outline:**

#### 1. Ideas of India

- a. Gandhi
- b. Nehru
- c. Jyotiba Phule
- d. Ambedkar

#### 2. Social Change

- a. Tradition to Modernity
  - b. Urbanization
  - c. Change in role and status of women
  - d. Role of Technology in change

#### 3. Resistance

- a. Dalit Politics
  - b. Feminist activism
  - c. Politics of Autonomy
  - d. Environmental protests

#### 4. Mobilization - Characteristics

- a. Peasant movement
  - b. Student movement
  - c. Ethnic movement
  - d. Labour movement

# 5. Challenges to Civilization, State and Society:

- a. Development and Displacement
  - b. Secularism
  - c. Educated Unemployment
  - d. Nation-building

- 1. Ambedkar, B. R., 1971 [1936], Annihilation of Caste, Jullunder: Bheem Patrika
- 2. Uberoi, P. et al., 2007, 'Introduction: The Professionalization of Indian Anthropology and Sociology: Peoples, Places and Institutions' in P. Uberoi et al (Eds.) Anthropology in the East: Founders of Indian Sociology and Anthropology, New Delhi: Permanent Black, Pp. 1-63
- 3. Dumont, L. and D. Pocock, 1957, 'For a Sociology of India', Contributions to Indian Sociology, 1, Pp.7-22
- 4. Shah, G., 2001, Dalit Identity and Politics, New Delhi: Sage Publications, Pp.17-43
- 5. Srinivas, M.N., 1956, 'A Note on Sanskritization and Westernization', The Far Eastern Quarterly, 15(4), Pp. 481-496
- 6. Menon, N., (Ed.) 1999, *Gender and Politics in India*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.342-369.
- 7. Pouchepadass, J., 1980, 'Peasant Classes in Twentieth Century Agrarian Movements in India', in E. Hobsbawm (Ed.) Peasants in History, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.136-155
- 8. Baruah, S., 2010, 'The Assam Movement' in T.K. Oommen (Ed.) Social Movements I: Issues of Identity. Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.191-208
- 9. Deshpande, S., 2003, *Contemporary India: A Sociological View*, New Delhi: Penguin Books, Pp.125-150
- 10. Dumont, L., 1997, Religion, Politics and History in India, Paris: Mouton,
- 11. Kumar, R., 1986, 'The Varieties of Secular Experience', in Essays in the Social History of Modern India, Calcutta: Oxford University Press, Pp.31-46
- 12. Madan, T.N., 1997, *Modern Myths, Locked Minds*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.233-265
- 13. Oommen, T. K., 1997, *Citizenship and National identity: From Colonialism to Globalism*. New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp.143-172.

# CourseCode: SOC/H/C-5 POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

### **Course Objective:**

This course introduces the students to some major theoretical debates and concepts in Political Sociology, while situating these within contemporary political issues. A key thrust of the paper is towards developing a comparative understanding of political relationships through themes such as power, governance and state and society relationships.

#### **Outline:**

# 1. Contextualizing the study of Political sociology

- a. Meaning and Scope
- b. Subject matter
- c. Emergence of political sociology
- d. Relationship between politics and sociology

# 2. Basic Concepts

- a. Power
- b. Authority
- c. Political socialization
- d. Political culture

# 3. People and Polity

- a. Meaning of political participation
- b. Activities of political participation
- c. Public opinion
- d. Pressure group

# 4. Political System

- a. Political system and society
- b. Totalitarians system
- c. Democratic system
- d. Tribal governance among the Nagas

#### 5. Political Institutions and Bureaucracy

- a. State; definition and origin of state.
- b. Local Structure; 73<sup>rd</sup> & 74<sup>th</sup> constitutional amendment and institution of Panchayati Raj,
- c. Village Councils; Nagaland village and area council act 1979.
- d. Bureaucracy

- 1. Bottomore, T.B. 1993, Elites and Society, 2nd Edition, Routledge, pp. 15-34
- 2. Bottomore, T. 1994, *Political Sociology*, reprint 1994. B.I Publication.
- 3. Eisenstadt, S. N. '1971, 'General Introduction : The Scope and Development of Political Sociology' in *Political Sociology: AReader* Basic Books, New Your Publication, pp 3-24.
- 4. Lewellen, Ted. 2003, 'The Development of Political Anthropology' in *Political Anthropology: An Introduction (Third Edition)*, Praeger, pp. 1-14.
- 5. Mills, C. Wright, 1956. The Power Elite, New Edition, OUP, pp. 269-297.
- 6. Mitchell, Timothy. 'Society, Economy, and the State Effect', in A. Sharma and A. Gupta (Ed.), *The Anthropology of the State: A Reader*, Oxford: Blackwell, 2006, pp. 169-85
- 7. Tapper, Richard, 1990. 'Anthropologists, Historians, and Tribes people' in Philip Shukry and Joseph Kostiner (Ed) *Tribes*
- 8. Weber, Max. 1978, *Economy and Society: An Outline of Interpretative Sociology*, Berkeley: University of California Press, pp. 53-54; 941-54; 212-30; 241-54.
- 9. Temjensosang, 2013. Self governing institution of Nagas. Akansha Publishing House, New Delhi.

# CourseCode: SOC/H/C-6 Sociology of Religion

### **Course Objective:**

The course lays primacy to the understanding of religious over individual religions. Drawing heavily from classical writings on the subject it reinforces importance of the positions developed in these texts. Implicitly numerous interconnections can be attempted between various themes, manifestly the overarching concern of the paper is to follow up the linkage between social and religious through different registers mentioned in the outline.

#### **Outline:**

# 1. Formulating Religion

- a. Sociology of Religion: Nature & Scope
- b. Concept & definitions of religion
- c. Characteristics of Religion
- d. Functions

#### 2. Types of Religion

- a. Totemism
- b. Animism & Naturalism
- c. Atheism,
- d. Monotheism and Polytheism

#### 3. Sociological perspectives on religion

- a. Functionalist Durkheim: Sacred and Profane
  - b. Conflict Marx: Religion as Ideological weapon
- c. Interactionist Weber: Religious Ethics and Economy
- d.Structuralism- Levi-Strauss: Myths & totems

#### 4. Elements of Religion

- a. Sacred, Myth, Ritual
- b.Magic & Sorcery
- c. Time and Space
- d.Rationality

#### 5. Religion and Society: Contemporary Direction

- a. Fundamentalism
- b. Secularism
- c. Communalism
- d. Pluralism

- 1. Emile Durkheim. 1995. *The elementary forms of religious life*. Translated by Karen E. Fields. New York: The Free Press. Book one and Conclusion, pp. 21-39, 418-440.
- 2. Max Weber. 2001. *The Protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism*. Translated by Stephen Kalberg. England: Roxbury Publishing Press, pp. 103-126.
- 3. Max Weber.1978. *Economy and society*. (Eds)Guenther Roth and Claus Wittich. California University of California Press. Volume Two, pp.518-521.
- 4. Malinowski, Bronislaw. 1948. *Magic, science and religion and other essays*. Selected, and with an introduction by Robert Redfield. Boston: The Free Press, pp. 37-50.
- 5. Emile Durkheim. 1995. *The Elementary Forms of ReligiousLife*. Translated by KarenE. Fields. New York: The Free Press, Book one, pp. 27-33.
- 6. Srinivas, M. N. 1952. Religion and society among the Coorgs of south India. Clarendo: Oxford, pp100-122.
- 7. Tremlett, Paul- François. 2008. Levi-Strauss on Religion: The structuring Mind. Routledge

# CourseCode: SOC/H/C-7 Sociology of Gender

# **Course Objective:**

The course introduces gender as a critical sociological lens of enquiry in relation to various social fields. It also interrogates the categories of gender, sex, and sexuality.

#### **Outline:**

# 1. Gendering Sociology

- a. Why Gender Matters
- b. Understanding Gender
- c. Types of Gender
- d. The sociological views

#### 2. Gender as a SocialConstruct

- a. Sexand Gender
- b. Nature and Culture
- c. Patriarchy
- d. Gender Socialization

## 3. Perspectives on Gender

- a. Functionalist
- b. Conflict
- c. Gandhian
- d. Subaltern

# 4. Gender: Differences and Inequalities

- a. Class and gender
- b. Caste and gender
- c. Family and gender
- d. Work and gender

#### 5. Gender and Power

- a. Women and decision making
- b. Women's movement
- c. Gender mainstreaming
- d. Emerging challenges

- 1. S. Jackson and S. Scott (eds.) 2002 Gender: A Sociological Reader, London: Routledge. Introduction, (pp. 1-26)
- 2. Liz Stantley. 2002. 'Should Sex Really be Gender or Gender Really be Sex' in S. Jackson and S. Scott (Eds.) Gender: A Sociologiacl Reader, London: Routledge (pp. 31-41)
- 3. Sherry Ortner. 1974. "Is male to female as nature is to culture?" M.Z. Rosaldo and L. Lamphere (Eds.) *Women, culture and society*. Stanford: Stanford University Press (pp. 67-87).
- 4. Walby, Sylvia. 2002. "Gender, Class and Stratification: Towards a new Approach" in S. Jackson and S. Scott (Eds.) *Gender: A Sociological reader*. London: Routledge (pp93-96).
- 5. Susie, Tharu and Tejaswini Niranjana. 1999. Problems for a contemporary theory of gender" in Nivedita Menon (Ed.) *Gender and Politics in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press [pp494-525].
- 6. Kumar, Radha. 1999. "From Chipko to Sati: The Contemporary Indian Women"s Movement" In Nivedita Menon (Ed.) *Gender and Politics inIndia*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press[pp342-369].
- 7. Spivak, Gayatri Chakravorty. 1988. Can the Subaltern speak?. Columbia University Press
- 8. Currie, Kate. 2017. Gender, Subaltern Studies and the Invisibility of Women. Journal of Social Sciences, vo.2, 1998, Issue 1

# CourseCode: SOC/H/C-8 ECONOMIC SOCIOLOGY

# **Course Objective:**

The course provides an understanding of the social and cultural bases of economic activity. It highlights the significance of sociological analysis for the study of economic processes in local and global contexts.

#### **Outline:**

# 1. Introduction and Perspectives

- a. Meaning and Concepts
- b. Nature and Scope
- c. Formalism and Substantivism
- d. New Economic Sociology

# 2. Forms of Exchange

- a. Reciprocity and Gift
- b. Barter
  - c. Exchange and Money

# 3. Systems of Production, Circulation and Consumption

- a. Hunting and Gathering
  - b. Agrarian
  - c. Capitalism
  - d. Socialism

### 4. Economic Development

- a. Factors
  - b. Agencies
  - c. Stages
  - d. Impact

# **5. Some Contemporary Issues**

- a. E-commerce
  - b. Development
  - c. Globalization
  - d. Unemployment

- 1. Baran, P. The Political Economy of Growth. NY: Monthly Review Press, 1957.
- 2. Durkheim, É. *The division of labour in society*. New York: Free Press, 1997.
- 3. Evans, P. B. *Embedded autonomy states and industrial transformation*. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University P, 1995.
- 4. Granovetter, M. "Economic action and social structure: The problem of embeddedness" in *American Journal of Sociology*. Vol. 91, pp. 481–510, 1985.
- 5. Harvey, D. A Brief History of Neoliberalism. Oxford: Oxford University Press. 2009.
- 6. Hoselitz, B.F. Sociological Aspects of Economic Growth. NY: The Free Press, 1960.
- 7. Marx, K. "Alienated Labour" in T.B. Bottomore (Ed.). *Karl Marx: Early Writings*, New York: McGraw Hill, 1963.
- 8. Marx, K. Capital (Vol. I). Moscow: Progress Publishers 1974.
- 9. Mitchell, T. 'Fixing the Economy' in Cultural Studies, 12(1), 1998.
- 10. Nash, M. Primitive and Peasant Economic Systems. California: Chandler, 1956.
- 11. Parsons, T. and N. Smelser. *Economy and Society*. London: Routledge, 2010.
- 12. Smelser, N. J. and R. Swedberg. *The handbook of economic sociology*. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University P, 2005.
- 13. Weber, M. *Economy and society: An outline of interpretive sociology*. Berkeley: University of California P.

# CourseCode: SOC/H/C-9 SOCIOLOGY OF KINSHIP

# **Course Objective**

This course aims to introduce general principles of kinship and marriage by reference to key terms and theoretical statements substantiated by ethnographies. The course looks at the trajectories and new directions in kinship studies.

#### **Outline:**

#### 1. Introduction

- a. Meaning and Definition
- b. Significance of Kinship
- c. History of Kinship studies
- d. Types of Kinship

# 2. Kinship Terminology

- a.Descent and Lineage
- b.Clan and Filiation
- c.Incest Taboo
- d.Residence

# 3. Kinship Theories

- a. Descent
- b. Alliance
  - c. Tetradic

# 4. Family Household and Marriage

- a. Inter generational conflict and Youth unrest
- b. Conflict and disunity in the family
- c. Disintegration of the Traditional Indian Joint Family System
- d. Changes in the Indian Marriage system

# 5. Recasting Kinship

- a. Relatedness
- b. Kinship and Gender
- c. Re-imagining Families
- d. Unisex Family

- 1. Radcliffe-Brown, A. R. and D. Forde (Eds.), 1950, *African Systems of Kinship and Marriage*, London: Oxford University Press, Introduction, Pp.1-39
- 2. Evans-Pritchard, E.E., 2004 (1940), 'The Nuer of Southern Sudan', in R. Parkin and L. Stone (Eds.), *Kinship and Family: An Anthropological Reader*, U.S.A.: Blackwell, Pp.64-78
- 3. Leach, Edmund, 1962, 'On Certain Unconsidered Aspects of Double Descent Systems', *Man*, Vol. 62, Pp.130-134
- 4. Lévi-Strauss, Claude, 1969, *The Elementary Structures of Kinship*, London: Eyre and Spottiswoode, Chapters 1 & 2, Pp.3-25
- 5. Dumont, L., 1968, 'Marriage Alliance', in D. Shills (Ed.), *International Encyclopedia of the Social Sciences*, U.S.A.: Macmillan and Free Press, Pp. 19-23
- 6. Shah, A.M., 1998, 'Changes in the Indian Family: An Examination of Some Assumptions', in *The Family in India: Critical Essays*, New Delhi: Orient Longman, Pp.52-63
- 7. Leach, E.R., 1961, 'Polyandry, Inheritance and the Definition of Marriage with Particular Reference to Sinhalese Customary Law', in E. R. Leach (Ed.), *Rethinking Anthropology*, London: The Athlone Press, Pp.105-11
- 8. Uberoi, Patricia, 1995, 'When is a Marriage not a Marriage? Sex, Sacrament and Contract in Hindu Marriage', *Contributions to Indian Sociology*, n.s. 29, 1&2:319-45

CourseCode: SOC/H/C-10

# **Social Stratification**

# **Course Objective:**

This course introduces students to Sociological study of Social Inequalities. It acquaints students with principal theoretical perspectives on and diverse forms of Social inequality in articulation with each other.

# **Outline:**

#### 1. Introduction

- a. Concept, meaning and Characteristics
- b. Significance
- c. Functions
- d. Consequences

#### 2. Theories

- a. Marx: Class
- b. Max Weber: Status and Power
- c. Pierre Bourdieu: Forms of Capital
- d. Feminist Theory

### 3. Identities and Inequalities

- a. Age
- b. Gender
- c. Race
- d. Ethnicity

#### 4. Mobility and Social Reproduction

- a. Types of Social Mobility
- b. Cultural and Social Reproduction
- c. Westernisation
- d. Modernisation

#### 5. Traditional Naga Social Stratification

- a. Warriors
- b. Feast of Merit
- c. Chieftains
- d. Gender and Age

- 1. Acker, Joan. 'Women and Social Stratification: A Case of Intellectual Sexism'. *American Journal of Sociology* 78.4, 1973.
- 2. Bailey, F.G. 'Closed Social Stratification in India', *European Journal of Sociology* Vol. 4, No. 1 (1963)
- 3. Bendix, Reinhard. 'Inequality and Social Structure: Comparison of Marx and Weber' *American Sociological Review*, Vol. 39, No. 2 (Apr., 1974).
- 4. Béteille, A. 1983. 'Introduction in Andre Béteille (ed.): *Equality and Inequality: Theory and Practice*; Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 5. Beteille, Andre. *Inequality among Men*. London: Blackwell, 1977.
- 6. Bettie, Julie. 2003. Women without Class: Girls, Race, and Identity. California: University of California Press.
- 7. Bottero, Wendy. Stratification. London: Routledge, 2005.
- 8. Bottomore, T. B. Classes in Modern Society. New York: Pantheon Books, 1966.
- 9. Bourdieu, Pierre 'Cultural Reproduction and Social Reproduction' *In The Structure of Schooling: Readings in the Sociology of Education*. Richard Arum and Irenee Beattie, Editors. NY: McGraw Hill. 1973.
- 10. Breigher, R.L. (ed) 1990. *Social Mobility and Social Structure*. New York; Cambridge University Press.
- 11. Collins, Patrica Hill. 'Toward a New Vision: Race, Class, and Gender as categories of Analysis and Connection' Race, Sex, Vol.1, No.1 (Fall 1993).
- 12. Davis, Kingsley, and Wilbert E. Moore. 'Some Principles of Stratification'. *American Sociological Review* 10.2 (1945).
- 13. Grusky, D.V. 1994. Social Stratification Perspective. Boulder: West view Press.
- 14. Gupta, D. 1991. 'Hierarchy and Difference' in Dipankar Gupta (ed.): Social Stratification Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 15. Jain, Ravindra K. 'Hierarchy, Hegemony and Dominance: Politics of Ethnicity in Uttar Pradesh, 1995' *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 31, No. 4 (Jan. 27,1996).
- 16. Macleod, Jay. 1987. 'Leveled Aspirations: Social Reproduction Takes its Toll', in *Ain't No Makin It: Aspirations and Attainment in a Low Income Neighbourhood*. USA: West view Press.
- 17. McLellan, David. The Thought of Karl Marx. London: Papermac, 1995.
- 18. Mitchell, Juliet. Woman's Estate. Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1971.
- 19. Omi, Michael, and Howard Winant. *Racial Formation in the United States*. New York: Routledge & Kegan Paul, 1986.
- 20. Ovung, Athungo (2012). Social Stratification in Naga Society. Mittal Publication, New Delhi
- 21. Pitt-Rivers Julia 'Race, Color, and Classin Central America and the Andes', *Daedalus*, Vol. 96, No. 2, Color and Race (Spring, 1967).
- 22. Stinchcombe, Arthur L. 'Some Empirical Consequences of the Davis-Moore Theory of Stratification'. *American Sociological Review* 28.5 (1963).
- 23. Tawney, R. H. Equality. London: Unwin Books, 1964. Chapter 1. The Religion of Inequality
- 24. Tumin, Melvin M. 'Some Principles of Stratification: A Critical Analysis'. *American Sociological Review* 18.4 (1953)
- 25. Weber, Max, Hans Heinrich Gerth, and C. Wright Mills. *From Max Weber*. New York: Oxford University Press, 1946.
- 26. Worsley, Peter. Introducing Sociology. 2nd ed. Harmondsworth: Penguin Books, 1970.
- 27. Wrong Dennis H. 'The Functional Theory of Stratification: Some Neglected Considerations' *American Sociological Review*, Vol. 24, No. 6 (Dec., 1959).

# CourseCode: SOC/H/C-11 SOCIOLOGICAL THINKERS-I

# **Objectives:**

The course introduces the students to the classics in the making of the discipline of sociology through selected texts by the major thinkers.

#### **Outline:**

#### 1. AUGUST COMTE

- a. Intellectual background
- b. Law of human progress
- c. Social static and dynamic
- d. Hierarchy of the science

#### 2. HERBERT SPENCER

- a. Science and society
- b. Organic analogy
- c. Social types: Militant & Industrial Societies
- d. Functionalism

#### 3. KARL MARX

- a. Materialism as a tool for understanding social reality
- b. Dialectical materialism
- c. Class & Class Struggle
- d. Alienation

#### 4. MAX WEBER

- a. Phenomenological sociology; Verstehen: understanding and meaning
- b. Ideal types
- c. Religion and economy
- d. Authority

#### 5. EMILE DURKHEIM

- a. The functional analysis of society; Division of labour in society
- b. The rules of sociological methods; Social fact
- c. Suicide
- d. The sacred and profane

- 1. Weber, Max. 1947. *The Theory of Social and Economic Organization*. New York: The Free Press, pp. 87-123
- 2. Weber, Max. 2002. *The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism* (translated by Stephen Kalberg). London: Blackwell Publishers, pp. 3-54, 103-126, Chapters I, II, III, IV & V
- 3. Gane, Mike. 1992. *The Radical Sociology of Durkheim and Mauss*. London: Routledge. Pages:1-10
- 4. Durkheim, E. 1958. *The Rules of Sociological Method*. New York: The Free Press. pp. 48-107, 119-144
- 5. Durkheim, E. 1951. *Suicide: A Study in Sociology*. New York: The Free Press, pp. 41-56, 145-276
- 6. Ritzer, G. 1996. Sociological Theory. New York: McGraw Hill Companies.
- 7. Giddens, A. 1971. Capitalism and Modern Social Theory: An Analysis of the Writings of Marx, Durkheim and Max Weber. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

# CourseCode: SOC/H/C-12 Sociological Research Methods-I

# **Course Objective:**

The course is a general introduction to the methodologies of sociological research methods. It will provide the student with some elementary knowledge of the complexities and philosophical underpinnings of research.

#### **Outline:**

# 1. The Logic of Social Research

- a. Science and Logic
- b. Characteristics of Scientific Research
- c. Objectivity in Social Science
- d. Value-neutrality

## 2. Types of Research

- a. Basic and Applied
- b. Historical
- c. Empirical
- d. Descriptive

# 3. Methodological Perspective

- a. Conflict
- b. Structural-Functionalism
- c. Symbolic Interaction
- d. Positivism

# 4. Techniques of Data Collection

- a. Observation
- b. Questionnaire and Interview schedule
- c. Survey
- d. Case study

#### 5. Ethical Issues

- a. Research Ethics in Historical Perspective
- b. Regulations on the Research Process
- c. Ethical Codes
- d. Validity and truth

- 1. Ahuja Ram (2011) Research Methods, Rawat Publication, New Delhi
- 2. Bailey, K. (1994). The Research Process in *Methods of social research*. Simon and Schuster, 4<sup>th</sup> ed. The Free Press, New York NY 10020.
- 3. Berg, B.L (1998). Qualitative Research Methods, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed, Allyn and Bacon, USA
- 4. Béteille, A. 2002, *Sociology: Essays on Approach and Method*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 5. Bryman, Alan. 2004, Quantity and Quality in Social Research, New York: Routledge.
- 6. Durkheim, E. 1958, *The Rules of Sociological Method*, New York: The Free Press.
- 7. Geertz, Clifford. 1973. Interpretation of Cultures, New York: Basic Books.
- 8. Gluckman, M. 1978, 'Introduction', in A. L. Epstein (ed.), *The Craft of Social Anthropology*, Delhi: Hindustan Publishing Corporation.
- 9. Goode, W. E. and P. K. Hatt. 1952. *Methods in Social Research*. New York: McGraw Hill.
- 10. Gupta, Akhil and James Ferguson. 1997. *Anthropological Locations*. Berkeley: University of California Press.
- 11. Guthrie, G (2010), Basic Research Methods: An Entry to Social Research, Sage Publication India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi
- 12. Mills, C. W. 1959, The Sociological Imagination, London: Oxford UniversityPress.
- 13. Radcliffe-Brown, A. R. 1958, *Methods in Social Anthropology*, Delhi: Asia Publishing Corporation.
- 14. Srinivas, M.N. et al 2002(reprint), *The Fieldworker and the Field: Problems and Challenges in Sociological Investigation*, New Delhi: OUP, Introduction
- 15. Weber, Max. 1949, *The Methodology of the Social Sciences*, New York: The Free Press, Foreword.

# CourseCode: SOC/H/C-13 Sociological Thinkers-II

# **Course Objective:**

To introduce students to post-classical sociological thinking through some original texts.

#### **Outline:**

#### 1. TalcottParsons

- a. Concept of social system
- b. Functional pre-requisites of social system (AGIL)
- c. Pattern variables
- d. Theory of Social Action

#### 2. ClaudeLevi-Strauss

- a. Structuralism
- b. Theory of Myth
- c. Alliance theory
- d. The science of the concrete

# 3. G. H. Mead and Erving Goffman

- a. G.H Mead symbolic interactionism
- b. G.H Mead Theory of Perspective
- c. Erving Goffman Dramaturgy

# 4. Peter L. Berger

- a. The Theory of Religion
- b. Social Construction of Reality
- c. The Sociological perspective

#### 5. C. Wright Mills

- a. White collar: The American middle class
- b. Sociological Imagination
- c. Power Elite

- 1. Berger, P. L. and T. Luckmann. 1991. *The Social Construction of Reality*. London: Penguin Books, pp. 31-62
- 2. Berger, P.L 1963. Invitation to Sociology.
- 3. Bourdieu, P. 1977. *Outline of a Theory of Practice*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 72-95
- 4. Chicago Press.PartIII, pp135-226
- 5. Claude levi-strauss 1968. *the science and the concrete*In the savage mind. University of Chicago press,
- 6. Claude levi-strauss, 1971. Alliance theory In the elementary structure of kinship.
- 7. Levi-Stauss, C. 1993. "Structure and Dialectics", in *Structural Anthropology Volume I*. Harmonds Worth: Penguin, pp. 232-242
- 8. Mead, G.H. 1934 (Fourteenth Impression 1967) Mind SelfandSociety. Chicago: University of
- 9. Parsons, T. and E. Shils (Eds). 1951. *Towards a General Theory of Action*. New York: Harper and Row Publishers, pp. 3-29
- 10. Parsons, Talcott; 1949; The Structure of Social Action; New York; McGraw Hill. 9. Parsons, Talcott. 'The Social System', The Free Press, Glencoe, Illinois, 1951
- 11. Parsons, Talcott; 1967; Sociological Theory and Modern Society; New York; Free Press. 11. Turner, J.H; 1987; Structure of Sociological Theory; Jaipur; Rawat Publications.
- 12. Ritzer, G. 1996. Sociological Theory. New York: McGraw Hill Companies.

# CourseCode: SOC/H/C-14 Sociological Research Methods-II

# **Objective:**

The course is an introductory course on how research is actually done. With emphasis on formulating research design, methods of data collection, and data analysis, it will provide students with some elementary knowledge on how to conduct both, quantitative and qualitative research.

#### **Outline:**

#### 1. Methods of Data Collection

- a. Social Survey
- b. Case Study
- c. Field Study
- d. Focus Group Interview

# 2. Research Design

- a. Meaning and Definition
- b. Functions
- c. Phases in Research Designing
- d. Design for different types of Research

# 3. Problem Formation and Developing Research Questions

- a. Components in Research
- b. Sources of Selecting Research Topics
- c. Operationalising Concepts
- d. Formulating Research Questions

#### 4. Measures in Research

- a. Graphical and Diagrammatic Presentation of Data
- b. Measurement and scaling
- c. Archival Strategies
- d. Public and Private Archives

#### 5. Data Processing and Interpretation

- a. Methods of Data Processing
- b. Analysis of Data
- c. Interpretation of Data
- d. Techniques of Report Writing

- 1. Ahuja Ram (2011) Research Methods, Rawat Publication, New Delhi
- 2. Bailey, K. (1994). Interview Studies in Methods of social research. Simon and Schuster, 4th ed. The Free Press, New York NY 10020.
- 3. Bailey, K. (1994). Questionnaire Construction and The Mailed Questionnaire in Methods of social research. Simon and Schuster, 4th ed. The Free Press, New York NY 10020.
- 4. Bailey, K. (1994). Survey Sampling in Methods of social research. Simon and Schuster, 4th ed. The Free Press, New York NY 10020.
- 5. Bailey, K. (1994). The Research Process in Methods of social research. Simon and Schuster, 4<sup>th</sup> ed. The Free Press, New York NY 10020.
- 6. Berg, B.L (1998). Qualitative Research Methods, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed, Allyn and Bacon, USA
- 7. Béteille, A. 2002, Sociology: Essays on Approach and Method, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 8. Bryman, Alan. 2004, Quantity and Quality in Social Research, New York: Routledge.
- 9. Durkheim, E. 1958, The Rules of Sociological Method, New York: The Free Press.
- 10. Geertz, Clifford. 1973. Interpretation of Cultures, New York: Basic Books.
- 11. Gluckman, M. 1978, 'Introduction', in A. L. Epstein (ed.), The Craft of Social Anthropology, Delhi: Hindustan Publishing Corporation.
- 12. Goode, W. E. and P. K. Hatt. 1952. Methods in Social Research. New York: McGraw Hill.
- 13. Gupta, Akhil and James Ferguson. 1997. Anthropological Locations. Berkeley: University of California Press.
- 14. Guthrie, G (2010), Basic Research Methods: An Entry to Social Research, Sage Publication India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi
- 15. Merton, R. K. 1972, Social Theory and Social Structure, Delhi: Arvind Publishing House.
- 16. Mills, C. W. 1959, The Sociological Imagination, London: Oxford UniversityPress.
- 17. Radcliffe-Brown, A. R. 1958, Methods in Social Anthropology, Delhi: Asia Publishing Corporation.
- 18. Srinivas, M.N. et al 2002(reprint), The Fieldworker and the Field: Problems and Challenges in Sociological Investigation, New Delhi: OUP, Introduction
- 19. Weber, Max. 1949, The Methodology of the Social Sciences, New York: The Free Press, Foreword.

# Course Code: SOC/H/C-15 <u>Urban Sociology</u>

# **Course Objective:**

This course provides an exposure to key theoretical perspectives for understanding urban life in historical and contemporary contexts. It also reflects on some concerns of urban living while narrating the subjective experiences of urban communities. With case studies from India and other parts of the world this course will help students relate to the complexities of urban living.

#### **Outline:**

#### 1. Introduction

- a. History of Urbanisation
- b. Meaning and Concepts
- c. Nature and Scope
- d. Urbanism and the city

#### 2. Perspectives

- a. Ecological
- b. Political Economy
- c. City as Culture

#### 3. Urban Social Problems

- a. Migration
- b. Housing
- c. Congestion and Pollution
- d. Crime and Delinquency

## 4. Politics of Urban Space

- a. Culture and Leisure
- b. Globalization
- c. Development
- d. Slum

# 5. Emerging Issues and Challenges

- a. Welfare and Security measures
- b. Social network and new technologies
- c. Environmental Challenges
- d. Popular Culture

- 1. Mumford, Lewis 1961. *The City in History: its origins and transformations and its prospects.* Mariner Books: Pp 3-29, 94-118
- 2. Holton, R. J. *Cities, Capitalism and Civilization*, London: Allan and Unwin, Chapters. 1 & 2. Pp. 1 32
- 3. Lewis, Wirth 1938 "Urbanism as a way of Life" in *American Journal of Sociology*, Vol. 44, No.1 (July), Pp. 1-24
- 4. Harvey, David 1985 *The Urban Experience*, Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, Chapter 1. Money, Time, Space and the City. Pp. 1-35
- 5. Weber, Max 178. The City. The Free Press: New York. Pp 65-89
- 6. Ayyar, Varsha ,2013. "Caste and Gender in a Mumbai resettlement site", *Economic &Political Weekly*, May 4,Vol. XLVIII, No 18, Pp 44-55
- 7. Kamath, Lalitha and Vijayabaskar, M, 2009 "Limits and possibilities of Middle Class Associations as Urban collective actors", *Economic & Political Weekly*, June 27, 2009 vol XLIV No. 26 & 27, Pp 368-376
- 8. Manuel Castells, 1983, "Cultural Identity, Sexual Liberation an Urban Structure: The Gay Community" in *San Francisco in City and the Grassroots*, Pp. 138-170.

Course Code: SOC/H/C-16

# **Environmental Sociology**

# **Course Objective:**

This course is designed to introduce students to the core debates of environmental sociology, different approaches within the sub-discipline and how these approaches may be used to understand environmental issues and movements in India.

#### **Outline:**

#### 1. Introduction

- a. Subject matter of Environmental Sociology
- b. Historical Background
- c. Development of the field
- d. Significance

# 2. Approaches

- a. Treadmill of production
- b. Ecological modernization
- c. Political ecology
- d. Risk society

#### 3. Environmental movement in India

- a. Forest based movement Chipko
- b. Water based movement Narmada
- c. Land based movement- anti-mining
- d. Feminist environmentalism

# 4. Types of environment pollution

- a. Water
- b. Air
  - c. Soil
- d. E-waste

#### 5. Contemporary concerns

- a. Environment and Technology
- b. Environment justice
- c. Legislative measures
- d. environmental issues in Nagaland

- 1. Bell, MM. (2008). *An Invitation to Environmental Sociology*. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage 3rd ed. Ch 1. (pp.1-5).
- 2. Hannigan, J. A. (1995). Environmental Sociology. Routledge, London and New York, 2nd ed. Ch1 and 2. (pp. 10-15,16 -35).
- 3. Leahy, T. (2007). Sociology and the Environment. Public Sociology: An Introduction to Australian Society. Eds. Germov, John and Marilyn, Poole. NSW: Allen & Unwin, Ch 21 (pp.431-442).
- 4. Ecological modernization and the global economy. Global Environmental Politics, 2(2),92-115.
- 5. Guha, R. Chipko: Social history of an environmental movement. In Ghanshyam Shah Ed.(2002). *Social Movements and the State* (Vol. 4). Sage Publications Pvt. Ltd., Ch. 16 (pp.423-454).
- 6. Khagram, S., Riker, J. V., &Sikkink, K. (2002).Restructuring the global politics of development: The Case of India's Narmada Valley Dams. *Restructuring World Politics: Transnational Social Movements, Networks, and Norms* (Vol. 14). U of Minnesota Press. (pp.206-30).
- 7. Guha, R., & Alier, J. M. (1998). The Environmentalism of the poor. In *Varieties of Environmentalism: Essays North and South*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 8. Baviskar, A. (1999). In the Belly of the River: Tribal Conflicts over Development in the Narmada Valley. Oxford University Press.
- 9. Beck, Ulrich.1992. Risk Society: Towards a new Modernity. Sage Publication

# Course Code: SOC/H/C-17

# **Indian Sociological Traditions**

# **Course Objective:**

Traditions in Indian sociology can be traced with the formal teaching of sociology as a subject in Bombay university way back in 1914. While the existence of a "Sociology in India" and "Sociology of India" have been largely debated in terms of whether it has been influenced by western philosophy, is there a need of indigenization etc., sociologist in India have primarily been engaged with issues of tradition and modernity, caste, tribe and gender. This paper primarily provides perspectives of key Indian sociologists on some of these issues.

#### **Outline:**

## 1. G S Ghurye

- a. Caste and Race
- b. City and Civilization
- c. Social tensions in India
- d. Tribes in India

#### 2. M. N. Srinivas

- a. Social Change
  - b. Sansritization
  - c. Dominant Caste
  - d. Religion and Society

#### 3.A. R. Desai

- a. Social background of Indian Nationalism
  - b. Peasant Struggles in India
  - c. State and Society in India
  - d. Slums and Urbanization in India

#### 4. D. P. Mukherji

- a. Personality
  - b. Making of Indian History
  - c. Middle Class
  - d. Tradition and Modernity

#### 5. B. R. Ambedkar

- a. The Untouchables
  - b. States and Minorities
  - c. Annihilation of Caste
  - d. Who are Shudras?

- 1. Desai A.R. 2000. Social Background of Indian Nationalism. Popular Prakashan: Mumbai.
- 2. Upadhya, Carol 2010, "The Idea of an Indian Society: G.S. Ghurye and the Making of Indian Sociology" in Patricia Uberoi, Satish Despande and Nandini Sundar (ed)

  Anthropology in the East: Founders of Indian Sociology and Anthropology New Delhi: Permanent Black
- 3. Ghurye, G.S. 1969, *Caste and Race in India*, Delhi: Popular Prakashan Pp 114-140,404-460 (82 pages)
- 4. Ghurye, G.S. 1962, Cities and Civilization, Delhi: Popular Prakashan
- 5. Mukerji D.P. (1958 second edition 2002), *Diversities: Essays in Economics, Sociology and Other Social Problems*, Delhi: Manak Publications Pg 177-225, 261-276
- 6. Srinivas, M.N. 1996, Indian Anthropologists and the study of Indian Society EPW 31(11).
- 7. Srinivas, M.N. 1971, *Social Change in Modern India* University of California Press Berkeley Chp 4-5
- 8. Pillai, s. Devadas (1997), *Indian Sociogy Through Ghurye: A Dictionary*, Popular Prakashan, Mumbai.
- 9. Joshi. P.C. (2000), Remembering M.N. Srinivas', Sociological Bulletin, Vol.49, No.1.
- 10. Srinivas. M.N. (1952), *Religion and Society among the Coorgs of South India*, Oxford Clarendon Press, Oxford.
- 11. Srinivas. M.N. (1955), *India's Village*, Asia Publishing House, Bombay
- 12. Madan. T. N. (2011), Sociological Traditions: Methods and Perspectives in the Sociology of India, SAGE Publications, New Delhi
- 13. Oomen.T.K. and Mukherji. P.N. (1986), *Indian Sociology: Reflections and Introspections*, Popular Prakashan, Mumbai
- 14. Mukherjee. D. P. (1993), *Modern Indian Culture: A Sociological Study*, Indian Publisher, Allahabad
- 15. Nagla, B.K. (2008), *Indian Sociological Thought*, Rawat Publications, New Delhi
- 16. Shah, Ghanshyam (ed.) (2001), Dalit Identity and Politics, Sage Publications, New Delhi

Course Code: SOC/H/C-18

# **Reading Ethnographies**

# **Course Objectives:**

This course encourages the student to read ethnographic texts in their entirety. Any one set of texts from the four pairs are to be chosen. Readers are relatively free to interpret the texts within the parameters mentioned below. Suggested readings can be utilized to frame specific questions while reading the ethnographic texts and writing about them. The examination, however, will be patterned on the parameters mentioned in the outline. (The committee of courses at the Department of Sociology may prescribe these or any other pairs of texts for any given academic year.)

#### **Outline:**

- 1. Ethnographic Mode of Enquiry
- 2. Constructing the EthnographicObject
- 3. Ethnographic Practices and Styles

#### **COURSE CONTENTS ANDITINERARY**

# 1. [Weeks1-14]

Malinowski, Bronislaw. 1922. Argonauts of the Western Pacific: An Account of Native Enterprise and Adventure in the Archipelagoes of Melanesian New Guinea. Studies in Economics and Political Science, no. 65. London: Routledge and KeganPaul.

Srinivas, M. N. 1976. The Remembered Village. Delhi:OUP.

Or

#### 2.[Weeks1-14]

Evans-Pritchard, E. E. 1937. *Witchcraft, Oracles and Magic among the Azande*. London: Oxford UniversityPress.

Taussig, Michael. 2010 (1980). *The Devil and Commodity Fetishism in South America*. Chapel Hill: University of CarolinaPress.

Or

#### 3. [Weeks 1-14]

Lewis, Oscar. 1961. *The Children of Sánchez: Autobiography of a Mexican family*. New York: RandomHouse.

Cohen, Lawrence 1998. No Aging in India: Alzheimer's, The Bad Family, and Other Modern Things. London: University of CaliforniaPress.

Or

# 4. [Weeks 1-14]

Mead, Margaret. 1928. Coming of Age in Samoa: A Psychological Study of Primitive Youth for Western Civilization. New York: HarperCollins.

Willis, Paul.1977. *Learning to Labour: How Working Class Kids Get Working Class Jobs*. Columbia:Columbia UniversityPress.

- 1. Clifford, James and George Marcus. 1986. Writing Culture: The Poetics and Politics of Ethnography. London: University of California Press.
- 2. Kumar,Nita. 1992. Friends, Brothers and Informants: Fieldworkmemoirs
- 3. of Banaras. Berkeley: University of California Press.
- 4. Levi-Strauss, Claude. 1973. Tristes Tropiques. London: Penguin.
- 5. Rabinow, Paul. 1977 [2007]. *Reflections on Fieldwork inMorocco*. Berkeley: University of California Press.
- 6. Rosaldo, Renato. 1989. *Culture and Truth: The Remaking of SocialAnalyses*. Boston: Beacon Press.
- 7. Screenings of ethnographic films will complement the teaching.
- 8. Video documentation around the ethnographies could also be used concurrently while reading texts.

# **B.A.** (HONOURS)

# **CORE PAPER**

# Course Code: SOC/H/C-1 INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY - I

# **Course Objective:**

The mandate of the course is to introduce the discipline to students from diverse trainings and capabilities. The course is intended to introduce the students to a sociological way of thinking. It also provides a foundation for the other more detailed and specialized courses in sociology.

#### **Outline:**

# 1. Sociology: Discipline and Perspective

- a. Meaning of Sociology
- b. Scope and Significance of Sociology
- c. Thinking Sociologically
- d. Emergence of Sociology and Social Anthropology

# 2. Sociology and Other Social Sciences

- a. Sociology & History
- b. Sociology & Psychology
- c. Sociology & Economics
- d. Sociology & Political Science

# 3. Basic Concepts

- a. Individual and Group
- b. Associations and Institutions
- c. Social Control and Change
- d. Status and Role

# 4. Social Institutions – Basic Concepts

- a. Family
- b. Religion
- c. Education
- d. Politics

# **5. Social Stratification – Basic Concepts**

- a. Caste
- b. Class
- c. Gender
- d. Ethnicity

- 1. Beattie, J., 1966, *Other Cultures*, London R.K.P., Chapter 2, 'Social Anthropology and Some Other Sciences of Man', Pp. 25-29
- 2. Beteille, Andre, 2009, *Sociology: Essays in Approach and Method*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Chapter 1, 'Sociology and Common Sense', Pp. 13-27
- 3. Beteille, André, 2002, *Sociology: Essays in Approach & Method*, Oxford University Press, Chapter 2, 'Sociology and Social Anthropology', Pp. 28-54
- 4. Bierstedt, Robert, 1974, *The Social Order*, New York: McGraw Hill Book Company Part 3, Chapter 5,6 & 7 Pp. 188-212
- 5. Bottomore, T. B. 1971, *Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature*, London: Allen and Unwin. Chapter 4, 'The Social Sciences, History and Philosophy', Pp. 65-80
- 6. Burke, Peter, 1980, *Sociology and History*, George Allen and Unwin, Chapter 1, 'Sociologists and Historians', Pp. 13-30
- 7. Giddens, Anthony. Sociology: Problems and Perspectives, Polity Press, UK, 1993
- 8. Gisbert, S.J. Pascual. Fundamental of Sociology, Orient Longman, Bombay, 1991
- 9. Haralambos, M; 1991; *Sociology, Themes and Perspectives*; New Delhi; Oxford University Press.
- 10. Horton, Paul B., Chester L. Hunt. 2004, *Sociology*. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill, Chapter 8-9, Pp. 185-209
- 11. Inkeles, Alex; 2003; What is Sociology? *An Introduction to the Discipline and Profession*; New Delhi; Prentice Hall of India Private Limited.
- 12. Jayaram, N; 1990; Introducing Sociology; New Delhi; MacMillan India Ltd.
- 13. Johnson, Harry M, 1995, *Sociology: A Systematic Introduction*, New Delhi, Allied Publishers.
- 14. Jonathan H; 1994; Sociology: Concepts and Uses; New York; McGraw Hill Inc
- 15. MacIver, Robert M, and Charles Hunt Page. 1949. *Society*, New York: Rinehart. Chapter 10, 'Types of Social Groups', Pp. 213-237
- 16. Majumdar, D.N. and Madan, T.N. An Introduction to Social Anthropology, Mayoor Paperbacks, New Delhi, 2002.
- 17. Redfield, Robert 1956, Chapter 16, 'How Human Society Operates', in Harry L Shapiro (ed.) *Man, Culture and Society*. New York: Oxford University Press, Pp. 345-368
- 18. Ritzer, George, 1996, *Classical Sociological Theory*, New York: McGraw Hill, Chapter 1, 'A Historical Sketch of Sociological Theory- The Early Years', Pp. 13-46
- 19. Singh, Yogendra. Social Stratification and Change in India, Manohar Publishers, 1977

# Course Code: SOC/H/C-2 SOCIOLOGY OF INDIA-I

# **Course Objective:**

This paper introduces the processes and modes of construction of knowledge of India. Further, it aims to draw attention to the key concepts and institutions which are useful for the understanding of Indian society.

#### **Outline:**

# 1. India: An Object of Knowledge

- a. The Colonial Discourse
- b. The Nationalist Discourse
- c. The Subaltern Critique
- d. Unity in Diversity

#### 2. Caste

- a. Theories of origin of Caste system
- b. Transformation of Caste system
- c. Mobility in Caste
- d. Caste and Politics

#### 3. Tribe

- a. Concept and Definition
- b. Distribution of Tribal people in India
- c. Problems and Issues of Tribal people in India
- d. Approaches to Tribal development Assimilation/Isolation/Integration

# 4. Agrarian Society

- a. Features of Agrarian Society
- b. Occupational structure
- c. Land ownership pattern
- d. Contemporary Issues

# 5. Industry and Labour

- a. Types of Industries in India
- b. Human relations
- c. Authority relations
- d. Role of Trade Unions

- 1. Breman, J., 1999, "The Study of Industrial Labour in Post Colonial India: The Formal Sector", *Contributions to Indian Sociology*, 33(1&2), Pp.1-4
- 2. Cohn, B.S., 1990, *An Anthropologist among the Historians and Other Essays*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.136-171
- 3. Dhanagare, D.N., 1991, "The Model of Agrarian Classes in India", in D. Gupta (ed.), *Social Stratification*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp. 271-275
- 4. Kaviraj, S., 2010, *The Imaginary Institution of India*, Ranikhet: Permanent Black, Pp.85-126
- 5. Haimendorf, C. V. F., 1967, "The Position of Tribal Population in India", in Mason *India* and Ceylon: Unity and Diversity, New York: Oxford University Press, Chapter 9
- 6. Srinivas, M.N., 1969, "The Caste System in India", in A. Béteille (ed.) *Social Inequality: Selected Readings*, Harmondsworth: Penguin Books, Pp.265-272
- 7. Cohn, B.S., 1990, *An Anthropologist among the Historians and Other Essays*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.136-171
- 8. Kaviraj, S., 2010, *The Imaginary Institution of India*, Ranikhet: Permanent Black, Pp.85-126
- 9. Guha, R., 1982, Subaltern Studies, Volume I. Delhi: OUP, Pp.1-8
- 10. Mencher, J., 1991, "The Caste System Upside Down", in D. Gupta (ed.), *Social Stratification*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.93-109
- 11. Dhanagare, D.N., 1991, "The Model of Agrarian Classes in India", in D. Gupta (ed.), *Social Stratification*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp. 271-275.
- 12. Breman, J., 1999, "The Study of Industrial Labour in Post Colonial India: The Formal Sector", *Contributions to Indian Sociology*, 33(1&2), Pp.1-41
- 13. Haimendorf, C. V. F., 1967, "The Position of Tribal Population in India", in P. Mason *India* and Ceylon: Unity and Diversity, New York: Oxford University Press, Chapter 9
- 14. Srinvas, M. N., 1987, *The Dominant Caste and Other Essays*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.20-59
- 15. Karve, I., 1994, "The Kinship Map of India", in P. Uberoi (ed.) *Family, Kinship and Marriage in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.50-73
- 16. Srinivas, M.N. and A. M. Shah, 1968, "Hinduism", in D. L. Sills (ed.) *The International Encyclopaedia of Social Sciences*, Volume 6, New York: Macmillan, Pp.358-366
- 17. Momin, A.R., 1977, "The Indo Islamic Tradition", Sociological Bulletin, 26, Pp.242-258
- 18. Uberoi, J.P.S., 1997, "The Five Symbols of Sikhism", in T.N. Madan (ed.) *Religion in India*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp. 320-332

# Course Code: SOC/H/C-3 Introduction to Sociology-II

# **Course Objective:**

The course aims to provide a general introduction to sociological thought. The focus is on studying from the original texts to give the students a flavor of how over a period of time thinkers have conceptualized various aspects of society. This paper also provides a foundation for thinkers in the other papers.

#### **Outline:**

# 1. Introduction to Theories of Society

- a. Montesquieu and Rousseau Emergence of Social Theory
- b. Herbert Spencer Conceptualizing society
- c. George Simmel sociability
- d. Saint Simon and August Comte Origin of Positivism

#### 2. Structuralism

- a. Emile Durkheim Social Solidarity
- b. A.R. Radcliffe Brown The idea of social structure
- c. Levi –Strauss Structuralist approach to Myths
- d. Edmund Leach Social Structure

# 3. Functionalist Perspective

- a. Malinowski Theory of Needs
- b. Talcott Parsons Action Theory
- c. Talcott Parsons AGIL Paradigm
- d. R. K. Merton Strain Theory

# 4. Interpretive and Interactionist Perspective

- a. Max Weber Concept of Social Action
- b. G.H. Mead Pragamatism
- c. Herbert Blumer Symbolic Interactionism
- d. Goffman Dramaturgy

# 5. Conflict Perspective

- a. Karl Marx Dialectical Materialism
- b. Wright Mills Elite
- c. Lewis Coser functionalist interpretation of conflict
- d. Ralf Dahrendorf Class conflict in modern society

- 1. Adams, B. N. and Sydie, R.A. (2001). *Sociological Theory*. California: Pine Forge Press-Sage.
- 2. Allen, K. (2006). The Social Lens: An Invitation to Social and Sociological Theory. Sage.
- 3. Aron, R. (1971). Main Currents in Sociological Thought. Penguin Books.
- 4. Bottomore, T. B. 1971. *Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature*, London: Allen and Unwin, Chapter 2, Pp. 29-47
- 5. Calhoun, C. et al (Ed.) (2002). *Contemporary Sociological Theory*. Massachusetes: Blackwell. (Chapter 3,4,5,7,8, 22).
- 6. Coser, L. Masters of Sociological Thought: Ideas in Historical and Social Context, (2<sup>nd</sup>ed.) New York: Harcourt, 1977.
- 7. Dahrendorf, Ralf, 1968, *Essays in the Theory of Society*, Stanford: Stanford University Press, Chapters 4 & 5, Pp. 107-150
- 8. Durkheim, Emile, 1984, *The Division of Labour in Society*, Basingstoke: Macmillan. Pp. 149-174
- 9. Giddens, A., and Turner, J. (eds.) (1987) Social Theory Today. Cambridge: Polity.
- 10. Giddens, Anthony, 2010, *Sociology*, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Polity, Chapter 7, 'Social Interaction in Everyday Life', Pp. 247-280
- 11. Gouldner, Alvin, 1977, 'Sociology's Basic Assumptions' in Thompson, Kenneth and Jeremy Tunstall, *Sociological Perspectives*, New York: Penguin Books Ltd, Pp. 13-17
- 12. Joseph, J. (Ed.), (2005) Social Theory: A Reader. Edinburg: Edinburg University Press.
- 13. Leach, Edmund, 1973, 'Structuralism in Social Anthropology', In Robey, David *Structuralism: An Introduction*, 1st ed., Oxford: Clarendon Press, 37-56
- 14. Magill, Frank N., 1996, *International Encyclopedia of Sociology*, Volume 1, Routledge, Pp. 690-693
- 15. Marx, Karl, 1990, *Selected writings in Sociology and Social Philosophy*, Penguin Books Limited, Pp. 88-101
- 16. Radcliffe Brown, A.R., 1976, *Structure and Function in Primitive Society*, Free Press Chapter 9 & 10, Pp. 178-204
- 17. Shils, E. A., and Finch, H. A. (eds.) (1949). *The Methodology of the Social Sciences: Max Weber*. New York: Free Press
- 18. Turner, B.S. (Ed.) (2009). *The New Blackwell Companion to Social Theory*. Sussex. Blackwell. (Introduction, Chapter One, Chapter nine)
- 19. Wallace, R.A. and Wolf, A. (1995). *Contemporary Sociological Theory: Continuing the Classical Tradition*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- 20. Weber, Max, 1978, *Economy & Society: An outline of Interpretive Sociology*, Vol. 1, University of California Press, Basic Concepts, Pages 4-26

# Course Code: SOC/H/C-4 Sociology of India-II

# **Course Objective:**

This paper aims to draw attention to the variety of ideas and debates about India. Further, it critically engages with the multiple socio-political forces and ideologies which shape the terrain of the nation.

#### **Outline:**

#### 1. Ideas of India

- a. Gandhi
- b. Nehru
- c. Jyotiba Phule
- d. Ambedkar

# 2. Social Change

- a. Tradition to Modernity
- b. Urbanization
- c. Change in role and status of women
- d. Role of Technology in change

#### 3. Resistance

- a. Dalit Politics
- b. Feminist activism
- c. Politics of Autonomy
- d. Environmental protests

#### 4. Mobilization - Characteristics

- a. Peasant movement
- b. Student movement
- c. Ethnic movement
- d. Labour movement

# 5. Challenges to Civilization, State and Society:

- a. Development and Displacement
- b. Secularism
- c. Educated Unemployment
- d. Nation-building

- 1. Ambedkar, B. R., 1971 [1936], Annihilation of Caste, Jullunder: Bheem Patrika
- 2. Uberoi, P. et al., 2007, 'Introduction: The Professionalization of Indian Anthropology and Sociology: Peoples, Places and Institutions' in P. Uberoi et al (Eds.) Anthropology in the East: Founders of Indian Sociology and Anthropology, New Delhi: Permanent Black, Pp. 1-63
- 3. Dumont, L. and D. Pocock, 1957, 'For a Sociology of India', Contributions to Indian Sociology, 1, Pp.7-22
- 4. Shah, G., 2001, Dalit Identity and Politics, New Delhi: Sage Publications, Pp.17-43
- 5. Srinivas, M.N., 1956, 'A Note on Sanskritization and Westernization', The Far Eastern Quarterly, 15(4), Pp. 481-496
- 6. Menon, N., (Ed.) 1999, *Gender and Politics in India*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.342-369.
- 7. Pouchepadass, J., 1980, 'Peasant Classes in Twentieth Century Agrarian Movements in India', in E. Hobsbawm (Ed.) Peasants in History, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.136-155
- 8. Baruah, S., 2010, 'The Assam Movement' in T.K. Oommen (Ed.) Social Movements I: Issues of Identity. Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.191-208
- 9. Deshpande, S., 2003, *Contemporary India: A Sociological View*, New Delhi: Penguin Books, Pp.125-150
- 10. Dumont, L., 1997, Religion, Politics and History in India, Paris: Mouton,
- 11. Kumar, R., 1986, 'The Varieties of Secular Experience', in Essays in the Social History of Modern India, Calcutta: Oxford University Press, Pp.31-46
- 12. Madan, T.N., 1997, *Modern Myths, Locked Minds*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.233-265
- 13. Oommen, T. K., 1997, *Citizenship and National identity: From Colonialism to Globalism*. New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp.143-172.

# **GENERIC ELECTIVE PAPERS**

# Course Code: SOC/H/GE-1 Indian Society: Images and Realities

# **Course Objective:**

This course seeks to provide an interdisciplinary introduction to Indian society.

# **Outline:**

# 1: Ideas of India

- a. Civilization
- b. Colony
- c. Nation
- d. Society

# 2: Social Settings

- a. Village
- b. Towns
- c. Region
- d. Forest

#### 3: Processes

- a. Caste
- b. Gender
- c. Ethnicity
- d. Class

# **4: Institutions**

- a. Family
- b. Religion
- c. Economy
- d. Politics

# **5: Contemporary Issues**

- a. Violence against women
- b. Religious communalism
- c. Caste conflict
- d. Developmental disparities

- 1. Embree, Ainslie Thomas,. *Imagining India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1989.
- 2. Chapte1Brahmanical Ideology and Regional Identities. Pp. 9 27.
- 3. Cohn, Bernard. *India: Social Anthropology of a Civilization*, Delhi: OUP. Chapters 1, 3, 5 & 8 (1-7, 24-31, 51-59, Breman, Jan. 'The Village in Focus' from the Village Asia Revisited, Delhi: OUP 1997. Pp. 15-64
- 4. Cohn, Bernard, *An Anthropologist Among Historians and Other Essays*, Delhi: OUP, 1987, Chapters. 4 and 6. Pp.78-85 & 100 135
- 5. Mines, Diane P. *Caste in India*. Ann Arbor, Mich.: Association for Asian Studies, 2009. Pp. 1-35.
- 6. Fuller, C. J. *The Camphor Flame: Popular Hinduism and Society in India*. Delhi: Viking, 1992. Chapter 1. Pp. 3 28.
- 7. Ahmad, Imtiaz et.al (Eds). *Pluralism and Equality: Values in Indian Society and Politics*, Sage: New Delhi, 2000. Chapter: 'Basic Conflict of 'we' and 'they'' Between religious traditions, between Hindus, Muslims and Christians'. Pp.
- 8. Dube, Leela. 'On the Construction of Gender: Hindu Girls in Patrilineal India', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 23, No. 18 (Apr. 30, 1988), pp. WS11-WS19
- 9. Gray, John N. & David J. Mearns. Society from the Inside Out: Anthropological Perspectives on the South Asian Household. New Delhi: Sage,
- 10. Chatterjee, Partha. *State and Politics in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997. Introduction: A Political History of Independent India. Pp. 1-39
- 11. Omvedt, Gail. *Understanding Caste*. New Delhi: Orient Black Swan, 2011. Chapters. 5, 9, 11 and Conclusion. Pp. 30-38, 67 73, 83 90, 97 105
- 12. Sangari, Kumkum and Sudesh Vaid. *Recasting Women: Essays in Indian Colonial History*. New Brunswick: Rutgers University Press. Introduction, Pp

# Course Code: SOC/H/GE-2 Gender and Violence

# **Course Objective:**

Gendered violence is routine and spectacular, structural as well as situated. This course attempts to provide an understanding of the logic of that violence, awareness of its most common forms and tries to equip the students with a sociologically informed basis for making pragmatic, ethical and effective choices while resisting or intervening in the context of gendered violence.

#### **Outline:**

#### 1. Gender Based Violence

- a. Concept and definitions
- b. Types of gender based violence
- c. Sites of Gender Based Violence (Family, Community/ Society, State)
- d. Gender Based Violence: A Human Rights Perspective

#### 2. Structural Violence

- a. Caste, Gender and Violence
- b. Domestic and Familial Violence
- c. Dowry violence
- d. Patriarchy and violence

#### 3. Situated Violence

- a. Gender and Conflict Situation
- b. Violence, Harassment and the Workplace
- c. Institutional Response

# 4. Causal factors

- a. Ideological
- b. Cultural
- c. Mass media
- d. Objectification of women

# 5. Addressing Gender based violence

- a. International Intervention (UN)
- b. Constitutional provisions and National Legislation and policy
- c. State: Statutory bodies, Helplines
- d. Non-state Agencies: NGOs, Civil Society, Community

- 1. Kimmel, Michael S. *The Gendered Society*. New York: Oxford University Press, 2011. Chapter 13. Gender of Violence, Pp. 381-407
- 2. Wies, Jennifer R. *Anthropology at the Front Lines of Gender-Based Violence*. Nashville, Tenn.: Vanderbilt Univ. Press, 2011. Chapter 1. Ethnographic Notes from the Frontlines of Gender Based Violence, Pp. 1-18
- 3. Kannabiran, Vasanth and Kalpana Kannabiran, Caste and Gender: Understanding Dynamics of Power and Violence, *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 26, No. 37 (Sep. 14, 1991), pp. 2130-2133.
- 4. Irudayam, Aloysius, Jayshree P Mangubhai, and Joel G Lee. *Dalit Women Speak Out*. Chapters. 1, 3, 4, 13 and 14.
- 5. Karlekar, Malavika. Domestic Violence, *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 33, No. 27 (Jul. 4-10, 1998), pp. 1741-1751
- 6. Chowdhry, Prem. Enforcing Cultural Codes: Gender and Violence in Northern India, Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. 32, No. 19 (May 10-16, 1997), pp. 1019-1028
- 7. Butalia, Urvashi. *The Other Side of Silence*. Durham, NC: Duke University Press, 2000. Chapter 4, Pp. 104 171
- 8. Tejani, Sheba. Sexual Harassment at the Workplace: Emerging Problems and Debates, *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 39, No. 41 (Oct. 9-15, 2004), pp. 4491-4494
- 9. Box, Steven. *Power, Crime, and Mystification*. London: Routledge, 1989. Chapter 4. Rape and Sexual Assaults on Women Pp. 120 165
- 10. Scully, Diana and Joseph Marolla. "Riding the Bull at Gilley's": Convicted Rapists Describe the Rewards of Rape, *Social Problems*, Vol. 32, No. 3 (Feb., 1985), pp. 251-263
- 11. Menon, Nivedita. Recovering Subversion: Feminist Politics beyond the Law. Ranikhet: Permanent Black. 2004. Chapter 3. Sexual Violence: Escaping the Body. Pp. 106 156
- 12. Omvedt, Gail, *Violence Against Women: New Movements and New Theories in India*. Delhi: Kali for Women, 1990. Pp. 1-40
- 13. Das, Veena & Kim Turcot DiFruscia. Listening to Voices: An Interview with Veena Das, Altérités, vol. 7, no 1, 2010 : 136-145.
- 14. Naquvi, Farah. This Thing called Justice: Engaging Laws on Violence against Women In India, in Bishakha Dutta (ed.), Nine Degrees of Justice: New Perspectives on Violence Against Women in India. Delhi: Zuban, 2010.
- 15. Additional Resources:
- 16. Wall, Liz. 'Gender equality and violence against women what's the connection?' The Australian Center for the study of Sexual Assault Research Summary. 2014.
- 17. Welchman, Lynn, and Sara Hossain. "Honour". London: Zed Books, 2005. Chapter 2. 'Crimes of Honour': Value and Meaning Pp. 42-64
- 18. Loy, Pamela Hewitt, and Lea P. Stewart. 'The Extent and Effects of the Sexual Harassment of Working Women'. *Sociological Focus* 17.1 (1984): 31-43.
- 19. Pickup, Francine, *Ending Violence against Women: A Challenge for Development and Humanitarian Work*, London: Oxfam, 2001. Chapter 5. Direct support to the survivors of violence & Chapter 8. Challenging the State.
- 20. United Nations Division for the Advancement of Women, 'Good Practices in Legislation on Violence against Women' 2008. Part III, Framework for Legislation on Violence against Women.
- 21. Puri, Jyoti. 'Sodomy, Civil Liberties, and the Indian Penal Code' in Chatterji, Angana P, and Lubna Nazir Chaudhry. Contesting Nation. Delhi: Zuban. Pp. 100-132

# COURSE NO SOC 301: FOUNDATIONS OF SOCIOLOGICAL THOUGHT

#### **Objectives:**

This course is designed to introduce to the students the main ideas of the founding fathers of sociology and their contributions.

# **Course Outline:**

#### **UNIT I: AUGUSTE COMTE**

- a. Social Static and Social Dynamics
- b. Law of the Human Progress

#### UNIT II: HERBERT SPENCER

- a. Organic Analogy
- b. Spencer and Functionalism

#### UNIT III: KARL MARX

- a. Historical Materialism
- b. Class and Class Struggle

#### UNIT IV: EMILE DURKHEIM

- a. Social Facts-Rules of Sociological Method-Social Facts
- b. Theories of Suicide

#### **UNIT V: MAX WEBER**

- a. Social Action-Types of Action
- b. Protestant Ethnic and the Spirit of Capitalism

- 1. Abraham, Francis and John Henry Morgan; 1987; Sociological Thought; Delhi; McMillan India Limited.
- 2. Aron, Raymond; 1982; *Main Currents in Sociological Thought* (Vol. 1 and 2); New York; Penguin Books.
- 3. Barnes, H.E; 1967; *Introduction to the History of Sociology*; Chicago; The University of Chicago Press.
- 4. Coser, Lewis A; 1996; *Mastes of Sociological Thought* (2<sup>nd</sup> edition); Jaipur; Rawat Publications.
- 5. Fletcher, Ronald; 1994; The Making of Sociology (Vol 1 and 2); Jaipur; Rawat Publications.
- 6. Kikhi, Kedilezo et.al; 2010; *Foundations of Sociological Thought*; Dimapur; Heritage Publishing House.
- 7. Morrison, Ken; 1995; Marx, Durkheim, Weber: Formation of Modern Social Thought; London; Sage Publications.
- 8. Ritzer, George; 1986; Sociological Theory; New Delhi; Tata McGraw Hill.
- 9. Sharma, R.N. and R.K. Sharma; 1994; *History of Social Thought*; Bombay; Media Promoters and Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- 10. Srivastava, R.S; 1991; Traditions in Sociological Theory; Jaipur; Rawat Publications.
- 11. Turner, Jonathan H; 1987; *The Structure of Sociological Theory*; Jaipur; Rawat Publications.
- 12. Zeitlin, Irving M; 1987; Rethinking Sociology: A Critique of Contemporary Theory; Jaipur; Rawat Publications.

# **COURSE NO SOC 302: POPULATION AND SOCIETY**

#### **Objectives:**

This course is proposed to acquaint the students the demographic features and trends of Indian society vis-à-vis world population. It also aims to make students understand population control in terms of social needs.

# **Course Outline:**

#### **UNIT 1: DEMOGRAPHY**

- a. Concepts
- b. Scope
- c. Importance

#### UNIT II: THEORIES OF POPULATION

- a. Malthusian theory
- b. Optimum theory
- c. Demographic transition theory

# **UNIT III: POPULATION TRENDS**

- a. Population Trends in India
- b. Trends of World Population

# **UNIT IV: MIGRATION**

- a. Causes of Migration
- b. Problems of Immigration in North-East India

#### UNIT V: POPULATION PLANNING AND CONTROL

- a. Family planning programmes in India
- b. Women's Reproductive Health
- c. Population and Education

- 1. Ashish, B. 1991; *Demographic Diversity in India*; DeIhi; B.R. Publishing Corporation.
- 2. Chandrasekar, S. (ed.); 1974; *Infant Mortality, Population Growth and Family Planning in India*; London; George Allen and Unwin Ltd.
- 3. Finkle, Jason L. and C. Alison McIntosh (eds); 1994; *The New Policies of Population*; NewYork; The Population Council.
- 4. Hatcher, Robert et.al; 1997; *The Essentials of Contraceptive Technology*; Baltimore; John Hopkins School of Public Health.
- 5. Jhingam, M.L. et.al; 2008; *Demography*; Delhi; Virinda Publications (P) Ltd.
- 6. Premi, M.K. et.al; 1983; *An Introduction to Social Demography*; Delhi; Vikas Publishing House.
- 7. Sharma, Rajendra; 1997; *Demography and Population Problems*; New Delhi; Atlantic Publishers.
- 8. Srivastava, O.S; 1994; *Demography and Population Studies*; New Delhi; Vikas Publishing House.
- 9. Census of India Reports; Government of India.

# **COURSE NO SOC 401: MODERN SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES**

#### **Objectives:**

The main objective of this course is to familiarize the students with some of the modern sociological thinkers and their contributions.

# **Course Outline:**

#### UNIT I: A.R. RADCLIFFE BROWN

- a. Structure and Function
- b. Science and Society

# UNIT II: BRONISLAW K. MALINOWSKI

- a. Theory of Needs
- b. Magic, Science and Religion

#### UNIT III: TALCOTT PARSONS

- a. Pattern variables
- b. Functional Pre-Requisites of Social System

#### UNIT IV: R. K. MERTON

- a. Manifest and Latent Function
- b. Reference Group

# UNIT V: C. WRIGHT MILLS

- a. Sociological Imagination
- b. Power Elite

- 1. Brown, A.R. Radcliffe; Structure and Function in Primitive Society (1952)
- 2. Brown, A.R. Radcliffe; A Natural Science of Society (1957)
- 3. Malinowski, B.K; Crime and Custom in Savage Society (1926)
- 4. Malinowski, B.K; Coral gardens and their Magic (1935)
- 5. Merton, Robert K; 1968; Social Theory and Social Structure; New York; Free Press.
- 6. Mills, C.W; The Power Elite (1956)
- 7. Mills, C.W; Sociological Imagination (1959)
- 8. Parsons, Talcott; 1949; The Structure of Social Action; New York; McGraw Hill.
- 9. Parsons, Talcott. 'The Social System', The Free Press, Glencoe, Illinois, 1951
- 10. Parsons, Talcott; 1967; Sociological Theory and Modern Society; New York; Free Press.
- 11. Turner, J.H; 1987; Structure of Sociological Theory; Jaipur; Rawat Publications.

#### **COURSE NO SOC 402: SOCIAL MOVEMENTS**

#### **Objectives:**

The objective of this paper is to dwell on social movements, types, causes and analyze possible solutions, as a purely academic exercise. The paper aims to throw light on the futility of the use of violence for achieving one's desire; it instead, hopes to highlight the path for peaceful sociological solutions.

# **Course Outline:**

#### Unit I: INTRODUCTION

- a. Concept, Nature and Dynamics
- b. Classifications

#### Unit II: THEORIES OF SOCIAL MOVEMENT

- a. Functionalist
- b. Conflict

#### Unit III: PEASANT MOVEMENTS

- a. Telangana Movement
- b. Naxalite Movement

#### Unit IV: CONTEMPORARY SOCIAL MOVEMENT

- a. Environment Movement
- b. Women's Movement

#### Unit V: TRIBAL MOVEMENTS IN NORTH EAST INDIA

- a. Naga Movement
- b. Bodo Movement

- 1. Ao, A. Lanunungsang; 2002; From Phizo to Muivah: The Naga National Question in North East India; New Delhi; Mittal Publications.
- 2. Coser, Lewis A; 1956; The function of Social Conflict; NewYork; Free Press.
- 3. Desai, A.R; 1979; Peasant Struggles in India; Bombay; Oxford University Press.
- 4. Dube, S.C (ed.); 1977; Tribal Heritage of India; New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- 5. Rao, M.S.A; 1979; Social Movements in India; Delhi; Manohar.
- 6. Raza, Moonis and A. Ahmad; 1990; *An Atlas of Tribal India*; Delhi; Concept Publishing House.
- 7. Sharma, Suresh; 1994; Tribal Identity and Modern World; New Delhi; Sage Publications.
- 8. Singh, K.S; 1972; *Tribal Situation in India*; Dehra Dun; Indian Institute of Advanced Study.
- 9. Singh, K.S; 1984; *Economies of the Tribes and their Transformation*; New Delhi; Concept Publishing House.
- 10. Singh, K.S; 1985; Tribal Society; New Delhi; Mahohar.
- 11. Von Furer-Haimendorf, C; 1982; *Tribes in India: The Struggle for Survival*; Delhi; Oxford University Press.

# **COURSE NO SOC 501: MARRIAGE, FAMILY AND KINSHIP**

#### **Objectives:**

This course is prepared to acquaint student with the basic concepts in family and kinship studies and to demonstrate structural principles used by societies in a consistent logical way to organize groups and categorize and infuse them with cultural meanings so that the societal objectives of social integration, social reproduction and social continuity are realized.

# **Course Outline:**

#### **UNIT I: MARRIAGE**

- a. Rules
- b. Transactions
- c. Challenges

#### UNIT II: FAMILY

- a. Developmental cycle
- b. Changing trends

# UNIT III: PERSPECTIVES ON THE FAMILY

- a. Inter-actionist
- b. Functionalist
- c. Conflict

#### **UNIT IV: KINSHIP**

- a. Terminologies
- b. Genealogical Methods

#### UNIT V: KINSHIP SYSTEMS WITH REFERENCE TO NORTH EAST

- a. Patrilineal
- b. Matrilineal

- 1. Ahmad, Imtiaz (ed.): 1976; Family, Kinship and Marriage among Muslims in India; New Delhi: Manohar.
- 2. Dube, Leela; 1974; Sociology of Kinship: An Analytical Survey of Literature; Bombay; Popular Prakashan.
- 3. Dube, Leela; 1997; Women and Kinship: Comparative Perspectives on Gender in South and South –East Asia; New Delhi; Sage Publications.
- 4. Fox, Robin; 1967; *Kinship and Marriage: An anthropological Perspective*; Harmondsworth; Penguin Books.
- 5. Karve, Iravati; 1968; Kinship Organization in India; Bombay; Asia Publishing House.
- 6. Madan, T.N; 1989; Family and Kinship: A Study of Pandits of Rural Kashmir. Delhi; Oxford University Press.
- 7. Shah, A.M; 1998; *The Family in India: Critical Essays*; New Delhi; Orient Longman.
- 8. Tali, N and A. Lanunungsang Ao; 2005; *Naga Society and Culture*; Nagaland University; Tribal Research Centre; Hqrs: Lumami.
- 9. Trautman, T.R; 1981; *Dravidian Kinship*; Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.
- 10. Uberoi, Patricia (ed.); 1993; Family, Kinship and Marriage in India; New Delhi; Oxford University Press.
- 11. Weston, K; 1991; Families we choose: Lesbians, Gays, Kinship; New York; Columbia University Press.

# **COURSE NO SOC 502: RURAL SOCIOLOGY**

# **Objectives:**

The course provides sociological understanding of rural social structure, change and development in India. It also aims to impart sociological skills to reconstruct rural institution and rural development programmes, to plan, monitor and evaluate rural development programmes.

# **Course Outline:**

#### UNIT I: INTRODUCTORY CONCEPTS

- a. Origin and Development
- b. Nature and Scope

# **UNIT II: APPROACHES**

- a. Community
- b. Regional

#### UNIT III: RURAL SOCIAL STRUCTURE

- a. Features of Rural Society
- b. Occupational Structure

# UNIT IV: LOCAL GOVERNANCE SYSTEM

- a. Panchayati Raj
- b. Village Council System with Special Reference to Nagaland.

#### **UNIT V: CHANGING TRENDS**

- a. Role of Women
- b. Impact of Science and Technology

- 1. Berch, Berberogue (ed.); 1992; Class, State and Development in India; New Delhi; Sage Publication.
- 2. Beteille, Andre; 1974; Six Essays in Comparative Sociology; New Delhi; Oxford University Press.
- 3. Desai, A.R; 1977; Rural Sociology in India; Bombay; Popular Prakashan.
- 4. Dhanagare, D.D; 1988; Peasant Movements in India; New Delhi; Oxford University Press.
- 5. Mencher, J.P; 1983; Social Anthropology of Peasantry Part III; Oxford; Oxford University Press.
- 6. Mukherjee, Ramkrishna; 1979; *Sociology of Indian Sociology*; Bombay; Allied Publications.
- 7. Nandy, Ashish; 1999; *Ambiguous Journey to the City;* New Delhi; Oxford University Press.
- 8. Radhakrishana. P; 1989; *Peasant Struggles: Land Reforms Social change in Malabar 1836-1892*; Delhi; Sage Publications.
- 9. Singh, Yogendra; 2000; Culture Change in India: Identity and Globalisation; Jaipur; Rawat Publications.
- 10. Thorner, Daniel and Alice Thorner; 1962; Land and Labour in India; Bombay; Asia Publications.

# **COURSE NO SOC 505: GENDER AND SOCIETY**

#### **Objectives:**

The main objective for the introduction of this course is to highlight the issues of gender and gender sensitization and to relate it to the contemporary society. This course will also look into the issues of violence against women in relation to domestic abuse, crimes against women, infanticide etc.

# **Course Outline:**

#### **UNIT I: CONCEPTS**

- a. Sex and Gender
- b. Gender Roles

#### **UNIT II: PERSPECTIVES**

- a. Functionalist
- b. Conflict
- c. Gandhian

#### UNIT III: GENDER VIOLENCE

- a. Violence Against Women
- b. Gender Discriminations

# UNIT IV: WOMEN EMPOWERMENT

- a. Social Legislations
- b. Education
- c. Economic

### UNIT V: CHALLENGES OF WOMEN IN MODERN SOCIETY

- a. Occupation
- b. Women in Decision-Making

- 1. Acharya, S; 1996; 'Women in the Indian Labour Force: A Temporal and Spatial Analysis,' in Susan Horton (ed.), *Women and Industrialization in Asia*; New York; Routledge Publications.
- 2. Agarwal, B; 1988; Structures of Patriarchy: State, Community and Household in Modernizing Asia; New Delhi; Kali for Women.
- 3. De Beauvoir S; 1983; *The Second Sex*, Harmondsworth; Penguin Books.
- 4. Desai, N and M. Krishnaraj; 1987; Women and Society in India; Delhi; Ajanta.
- 5. Engels, F; 1972; *The Origin of Family, Private Property and the State*; London; Lawrence and Wishart.
- 6. Forbes, G; 1998; Women in Modern India; Delhi; Cambridge University Press.
- 7. Oakley, A; 1972; Sex, Gender and Society; New York; Harper and Row.
- 8. Kuumba, M. Bahati; 2003; Gender and Social Movements; Jaipur; Rawat Publications.
- 9. Rosalso, M.Z and L. Lamphere (ed.); 1974; *Women, Culture and Society*; Delhi, Stanford University Press.
- 10. Whelham, I; 1997; Modern Feminist Thought; Edinburgh; Edinburgh University Press.

# **COURSE NO SOC 601: INDIAN SOCIETY**

# **Objectives:**

This paper intends to present a comprehensive and integrated profile of Indian society.

# **Course Outline:**

#### UNIT I: NATURE AND CHARACTERISTICS

- a. Unity in Diversity
- b. Caste Hierarchy

#### UNIT II: THE COMPOSITION OF INDIAN SOCIETY

- a. Rural and Urban
- b. Minorities and Weaker Sections

#### UNIT III: SOCIO-ECONOMIC SYSTEM

- a. Economy-Agrarian economy and mixed economy
- b. Religion-Pluralism, multiculturalism, secularism.

# UNIT IV: CHALLENGES OF NATION BUILDING

- a. Poverty, Unemployment
- b. Communalism

# UNIT V: CHANGE AND CONTINUITY

- a. Tradition and Modernity
- b. Globalization

- 1. Ahuja, Ram; 1999; Society in India; Jaipur; Rawat Publications.
- 2. Bose, N.K; 1967; Culture and Society in India; New Delhi; Asia Publishing House.
- 3. Bose, N.K; 1975; Structure of Hindu Society; New Delhi; Asia Publishing House.
- 4. Dube, S.C; 1958; *India's Changing Villages*; London; Routledge and Kegan Paul.
- 5. Dube, S.C; 1990; *Indian Society*; New Delhi; National Book Trust of India.
- 6. Dube, S.C; 1995; *Indian Village*; London; Routledge.
- 7. Ghurye, G.S; 1969; Caste and Race in India; Bombay; Popular Prakashan.
- 8. Kumar, Anand (ed.); 2000; Nation Building in India; New Delhi; Radiant.
- 9. Mandelbaum, D.G; 1970; Society in India; Bombay; Popular Prakashan.
- 10. Singh, Yogendra; 1973; Modernization of Indian Tradition; New Delhi; Thomson Press.
- 11. Srinivas, M.N; 1963; Social Change in India; Berkeley; University of California Press.

# **COURSE NO SOC 602: URBAN SOCIOLOGY**

#### **Objectives:**

This course intends to provide sociological understanding of the nature and scope of urban sociology and urban social structure in India. It also aims to make students read and understand the emerging issues and challenges in urban centers.

# **Course Outline:**

#### **UNIT I: INTRODUCTION**

- a. Origin and Development
- b. Nature and Scope
- c. Urbanism and Urbanization

#### UNIT II: GROWTH OF CITIES

- a. Western Model
- b. Indian Model

#### UNIT III: URBAN SOCIAL STRUCTURE

- a. Characteristics
- b. Rural and Urban continuum

#### UNIT IV: URBAN CIVIC BODIES

- a. Metropolitans
- b. Municipalities

# UNIT V: PROBLEMS AND CHALLENGES

- a. Congestion and Pollution
- b. Welfare and Security Measures
- c. Emerging Issues and challenges

- 1. Abrahamson, M; 1976; *Urban Sociology*; Englewoodcliff; Prentice Hall.
- 2. Bharadwaj, R.K; 1974; *Urban Development in India*; New Delhi; National Publishing House.
- 3. Bose, Ashish; 1978; *Studies in India Urbanisation 1901 1971*; New York; Tata McGraw Hill
- 4. Desai, A.R and S. D. Pillai (eds.); 1970; *Slums and Urbanisation*; Bombay; Popular Prakashan.
- 5. D'souza, Alfred; 1978; *The Indian City: Poverty, Ecology and Urban Development*; New Delhi; Manohar.
- 6. Gold, Harry; 1982; Sociology of Urban Life; Englewoodcliff; Prentice Hall.
- 7. Quinn, J.A; 1995; Urban Sociology; New Delhi; S. Chand and Co.
- 8. Ramachandran, R; 1991; *Urbanisation and Urban Systems in India*; Delhi; Oxford University Press.
- 9. Rao, M.S.A; 1974; Urban Sociology in India; New Delhi; Orient Longman.
- 10. Rao, M.S.A, C. Bhat and L.N. Kadekar; 1991; *A Reader in Urban Sociology*; New Delhi, Orient Longman.

# COURSE NO SOC 604: SOCIOLOGY OF TRIBAL SOCIETY

#### **Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to provide a comprehensive profile of tribal people in terms of their distribution and concentration, demographic features, social structure and cultural patterns.

# **Course Outline:**

#### **UNIT I: CONCEPTS**

- a. Meaning and Definition
- b. Features

#### UNIT II: DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE

- a. Distribution and concentration of tribal people
- b. Religious beliefs and practices

#### UNIT III: TRIBAL ECONOMY

- a. Shifting cultivation
- b. Terrace cultivation

#### **UNIT IV: TRIBAL PROBLEMS**

- a. Poverty and Illiteracy
- b. Land Alienations

#### UNIT V: CHANGING SCENARIO

- a. Impact of Modern Education
- b. Emerging Classes

- 1. Bose, N.K; 1967; Culture and Society in India; Bombay; Asia Publishing House.
- 2. Desai, A.R; I979; *Peasant Struggles in India*; Bombay; Oxford University Press. Dube, S.C (ed.); 1977; *Tribal Heritage of India*; New Delhi; Vikas Publishing House.
- Hasnain, N; 1983; *Tribes in India*; New Delhi; Harnam Publications.
- 4. Rao, M.S.A; 1979; Social Movements in India; Delhi; Manohar.
- 5. Raza, Moonis and A. Ahmad; 1990; *An Atlas of Tribal India*; Delhi; Concept Publishing House.
- 6. Sharma, Suresh; 1994; Tribal Identity and Modern World; New Delhi; Sage Publications.
- 7. Singh, K.S; 1972; *Tribal Situation in India*; Dehra Dun; Indian Institute of Advanced Study.
- 8. Singh, K.S; 1982; Tribal Movements in India (Vol. I and II); New Delhi; Manohar.
- 9. Singh, K.S; 1984; *Economies of the Tribes and their Transformation*; New Delhi; Concept Publishing House.
- 10. Singh, K.S; 1985; Tribal Society; Delhi; Mahohar.
- 11. Singh, K.S; 1995; *The Scheduled Tribes*; New Delhi; Oxford University Press.
- 12. Von Furer-Haimendorf, C; 1982; *Tribes in India: The Struggle for Survival*; Delhi; Oxford University Press.