2024

(FYUGP)

(3rd Semester)

ENGLISH-2

(AECC)

Paper Code: AECC/ENG2

Full Marks: 37½
Pass Marks: 40%

Time: 2 hours

(PART : B-DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

 (a) Analyze the solitary reaper's song and its impact on the speaker in William Wordsworth's poem, The Solitary Reaper.

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Or

- (b) Explain why the poet wishes to sail to Byzantium in the poem, Sailing to Byzantium.
- 2. (a) Justify the title of the play, Arms and the Man.

Or

- (b) Critically evaluate the character of Bluntschli, the fugitive soldier.
- 3. (a) How does George Orwell use symbolism in Animal Farm to reflect political themes and power dynamics through characters, objects and events?

Or

(b) How does Napoleon's leadership style differ from Snowball's? Provide examples from the text to illustrate their difference.

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4. (a) Discuss the 'anti-European feeling' in Shooting an Elephant.

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green p_{rel}^{rel} , which are Or , which are legal

- (b) Compare and contrast the killings of the Indian Coolie and the Elephant in Shooting an Elephant.
- 5. (a) Write a précis of the following passage:

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Technological advancements have profoundly impacted modern life, especially in communication and healthcare. The rise of smart phones and social media has made global, instant communication possible. transforming personal relationships. business practices, and dissemination. In healthcare, innovations like advanced diagnostics, minimally invasive surgeries, and the personalized medicine have

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significantly improved disease treatment and patient outcomes. Despite these benefits, challenges persist. Data privacy issues arise from the vast amount of digital information, and the digital divide exacerbates social inequalities. The rise of automation and artificial intelligence also poses risks employment and raises concerns about job displacement. Addressing these challenges crucial as technology continues to evolve. Balancing the benefits of technological progress with potential risks is essential to ensure that technology enhances quality of life. A thoughtful approach to integrating technology into daily life will help maximise its positive impacts while mitigating its drawbacks.

(b) Read the passage given below and answer the questions asked:

Positive thinking leads a man to success. One, who thinks that he can achieve the things will put his best to achieve, will not fetter by the problems in the path of success and one day he will win positively.

Self-confidence, determination, perseverance, and hard work are the key factors of success. Every small or big, easy or complex problem have its solution. There is a way out of every labyrinth, there is an answer to every enigma. The only requirements are the confidence, hard work and determination and you get the answer.

Dedication, devotion to the task and positive thinking with determination have been the important factors of success of every successful celebrity.

(Turn Over)

A winner never quits and a quitter never wins shows that one who constantly tries to achieve something. one who endeavours hard incessantly to achieve something, he is winner, later or sooner, but a quitter could never be a winner. Your biggest assets are your enthusiasm that enriches with your positive thinking. Never lose hope, keep cheerful, put the best possible efforts with your total involvement, have confidence in you and you are the winner. Through positive thinking one can overcome the mountains. One who thinks positively, even in adverse circumstances, wins. **Positive** thinking always pays'. Life belongs to the ambitions.

(i) Express the following in your own words:

a fill it a post,

1. "A winner never quits and a quitter never wins."

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- "Positive thinking always pays."
- (ii) Give the meaning of the following words: 1×2=2
 - 1. Perseverance
 - 2. Enthusiasm
- (iii) How does positive thinking contribute to overcome challenges?

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he field?	2024
()	(i) Harvesting with a group of people

(FYUGP)

(3rd Semester)

ENGLISH—2

(AECC)

Paper Code: AECC/ENG2

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(m) Ballad

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(Marks: 12½)

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The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- I. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : ½×15=7½
 - (a) According to the poem, the Cuckoo's song can be heard
 - (i) beyond the Hebrides ()
 - (ii) in shady haunts (orde)
 - (iii) in Spring-time (ogu) mano (iii)

(b)	What	t is the Highland Lass doing in the fie	ld?
	(i)	Harvesting with a group of people ()
	(ii)	Reaping and singing by herself ()
	(iii)	Talking to someone in the field ()
(c)	La B genr	Belle Dame sans Merci is an example of w	hich
	(i)	Epic ()	
	(ii)	Sonnet ()	
	(iii)	Ballad ()	
(d)	Whe	ere did John Keats derive the title of m <i>La Belle Dame sans Merci</i> from?	the
	(i)	A medieval French Fairy Tale ()
18.11	(ii)	12th century medieval legend ()
S S	(iii)	15th century courtly love poem by Chartier ()	
(e)	The	e extracts 'Lily on thy brow' and 'Thy che ling rose' show the use of	
	(i)	(i) beyond the He (mie), slimis	
	(ii)	megaphor (mu) a vbada ni wi	
	(iii)	onomatopoeia ar(11-5) rige mi (iii)

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(f)	Wh tak	at does the speaker claim he will no long ^{er} e once out of nature?
	(i)	A form made by Grecian goldsmith ()
	(ii)	A bodily form from any natural thing ()
	(iii)	A form of pure spirit ()
(g)	Hov the	does the speaker describe an aged man in poem Sailing to Byzantium?
SVE	(i)	A paltry thing ()
-0	(ii)	A symbol of vitality (dV)
ំ	(iii)	A power entity ()
(h)	Wha occa	at does Catherine Petkoff wear on all sions?
	(i)	A Cloak ()
	(ii)	A Hoop Skirt ()
	(iii)	A Tea Gown ()
(i)	Why	was Sergius' charge successful?
	(i)	He drove the Serbians towards the river () 1 B bus Five A (1)
	(ii)	The Serbians had the wrong cartridges again (a)
		The Serbians were supplied with wrong machine guns ()

(j) Which animal was absent from old Mayor's big meeting?
sh mana dalah m
(i) Clover ()
(ii) Benjamin ()
mi (iii) Moses (b)) door (iii) Moses (b)) door (iii) Moses (b) (b) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c
(k) "I will work harder" and "Napoleon is always right." Whose maxims are these?
(i) Squealer ()
(ii) Molly () satisfactor
(iii) Boxer ()) Suide good A (ii)
(1) What did the orderly bring back for the
(i) A sword and a rifle
(ii) A rifle and 4 cartridges ()
(iii) A rifle and 5 cartridges (iii)
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(m)	Who in r	was/were considered the worst offender (s) idiculing Europeans, according to the
fum	narra	ator? used the setting of the positions
		R. sper.
	(ï)	A nimble Burman ()
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	(ii)	The young Buddhist Priest ()
	(iii)	Local Merchants ()
(n)	Which of the following should be used in Précis writing?	
	(i)	First person ()
	(ii)	Second person ()
	(iii)	Third person ()
(0)	Wha stag	t is the main purpose of the pre-reading e in comprehension?
	(i)	To activate prior knowledge related to the topic ()
	(ii)	To connect new information with prior experiences ()
	(iii)	to memorise key vocabulary ()
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II. Answer any five of the following: 1×5=5 Describe the setting of the poem, The Solitary Reaper. immere aldatic A (h) The young Buddhist Priest store() (iii) Local Merrinants () - M Willing to the fire Spatistical m First () more than (a) (ii) Second person (iii) Third person (-) What is the main planess of the pre-reading stage in comprehension? (0) To activate prior knowledge related to the The state of the state of ni) To connect new information with prior Las princine (iii) to premore keyevocabulary at (iii)

(b) What did the knight make for the lady?

(c) What does the poet ask the sages to do in Sailing to Byzantium?

(d) How did Louka realize that a man was hiding in Raina's bedroom?

(e) Why did the animal attack Frederick and his men at the Battle of the Windmill?

(f) How did the opinions of the old and younger Europeans differ regarding the shooting of the Elephant? (g) What is comprehension?